

NOCKEY: Jubilation was the norm in the streets of Lake Placid after the American ice hockey team scored one of the most stunning upsets in hockey history by beating the powerful Soviet Union Olympic team 4-3. After the game, thousands of fans poured into the streets waving flags and parading happily.

Klaauw returns home **Oatar briefed on Dutch policy**

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DOHA, Jan. 5 (R) — Netherlands Foreign Minister Christoph Van der Klaauw Monday briefed the Ruler of Qatar, Sheikh Khalifa Bin Hamad Al-Thani, about European thinking on solving the Middle East problem within the framework of a European Economie Community (EEC) initiative, official sources said,

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Van der Klaauw, president of the EEC council of ministers came from Kuwait. The sources said Sheikh Khalifa stressed the need for a just and lasting solution to the Middle East problem, of which he said the Palestinian question was the core. Sheikh Khalifa was quoted as telling Van

der Klasuw that any delay in finding a solu-tion would pose a great threat to world peace, ies (

Pakistan to issue pilgrims' passports

and that the Palestine Liberatinn Organization should be recognized as the sole representative of the Palestinian people.

In another development Dutch Defense Minister Pieter de Gues flew to southern Lebanon Monday to meet Dutch soldiers serving with the United Natinns peacekeeping force (UNIFIL) in the area, a U.N. spokesman said.

Rain-seeking prayer held

RIYADH, Jan. 5 (SPA) — King Khaled performed a rain-seeking prayer here Monday. He was accompanied by Defense Minister Prince Sultan, Riyadh Governor Prince Salman and thousands of tizens. Ite prayer was held all over the Kingdom because of prolonged drought. King Khaled, meanwhile, received a message from the President of the United Arab Emirates Sheikh Zayed. The letter was delivered to the King at a meeting attended by Crnwn Prince Fahd, special advisor Dr. Rashad Pharaon; Prince Abdullah, the second deputy and commander of the National Guard; and Sheikh Ahmad Zaki Yamani, minister of petroleum and mineral resources. The King also received the Iraqi Minister of Industry and Minerals Taha Tawfik who arrived here Saturday carrying a message from President Saddam Hussein to the King.

SR2b budget

By a Staff Writer

RIYADH Jan, 5 - The Saudi Arabian Basic Industries Corporation has approved a SR2 hillion budget fnr 19g1 and a planned methanni complex in Jubail tn produce 2,100

tons per day. The meeting was chaired by the Minister of Industry and Electricity Dr. Ghazi Algosaibi, who is also chairman of SABIC.

The project is a joint venture with two American firms, Sealand and Texas Eastern and work is scheduled to start during the next few months.

Deputy chairman and managing director of the corporation, Abdul Aziz Al Zamil said that hy the middle of this year all petrochemical projects will have been undertaken and that the first petrochemical production will be available at the beginning of 1983. They will he completed hy 1986.

SABIC is a semi-autonomous government agency that is charged with the task of over-seeing and implementing the industrial development projects under the country's five year plans. It is a wholly-owned government corporation which is managed by a board nf directnrs. Its main purpose is to develop areas of industry where the private sector either cannot or will not undertake. SABIC has a capital of SR10 billion.

The hoard also approved Sunday a joint venture project with the Japanese consortium led by Mitsubishi to produce ethylene and polyethylene which will be started in a few months. The complex is expected to go (Continued on back page)

HEATH IN RIYADH : Crown Prince Fahd conferred in Riyadh Sunday evening former British Prime Minister Edward Heath who arrived Saturday on a short visit. The meeting was attended by Sir James Craig, Britain's ambassador to Saudi Arabia. Iraq defends position

Iran reports war success

TEHRAN, Jan. 5 (R) - Iranian armed forces drove Iraqi forces back eight kms Sunday near Gilan-e-Gharb in Iran's western Kermanshahan province, a military communique said Monday. The Iranians said they killed 150 Iragis for the loss of four.

The statement, broadcast on state radio, said "the Iranian ground force yesterday, in an extensive and coordinated operation with the cooperation of the gendarmeric, the revolutionary guards and air force fighters in the Gilan-e-Gharb area, killed more than 150 Iraqis and drove them back eight kms.

"In this operation, the Iranian forces got control of key high hills. The Iranian forces destroyed five Iraqi tanks and five artillery guns of the enemy forces. Four of the Iranian

In letter to Khomeini

forces were martyred and five in pired." Iranian leaders have called recently for a concerted push to drive out the Iraqis. The official Pars news agency Sunday night reported continued heavy artillery and mortar duels and some hand-to-hand fighting along most of the western front in the war which started last Sept. 22.

Earlier Monday Iraq replied to criticism by Arab hard-liners that its war with Iran had diverted attention from the Arab-Israeli conflict

In an interview with the Iraqi government newspaper Al -Jumhouriya, Defense Minis-ter Adnan Khairallah Talfah said: "I would

(Continued on back page)

Iran, Pakistan, U.N. to attend

NEW DELHI, Jan. 5 (AFP) - Afghanistan Monday informed India that it was willing to hold talks with Pakistan and Iran in the presence of a United Nations representative for a political solution to the Afghan crisis, Indian government spokesman J.N. Dixit announced.

A message from Afghan President Babrak Karmal stating Kabul's agreeing to such talks was conveyed to Prime minister Indira Gandhi by Afghan Minister for Higher Education and Training Anahita Ratebzad during a 40-minute meeting here. Mrs. Ratebzad who had arrived here nn Dec. 29, to take part in a women's conference, later left for the Afghan capital,

Pakistan Foreign Minister Agha Shahi had announced in Islamabad Saurday that he had written to United Nations Secretary-General Kart Waldheim urging him to name a special representative to promote dialogue between Pakistan, Iran and the ruling People's Democratie Party of Afghanistan (PDPA).

Mrs. Ratebzad told Mrs. Gandhi during Monday's private meeting that internal con-ditions in Afghanistan had improved considcrably and that the situation there was returning to normal, Dixit said.

Earlier, Mrs, Ratebzad told the pro-Soviet Patriot newspaper that the Afghan government would hald parliamentary elections this spring.

Meanwhile, an estimated 1.4 million Afghan refugees are now in Pakistan, one million having crossed the border since the Soviet intervention a year ago, U.N. officials said Sunday.

They said the Pakistan government figure for November was 1.3 million with some 100,000 arriving since then. The refugees' reception here has been generally good although there have been some problems said. A campin Baluchistan province, southwest Pakistan, was moved last fall after residents of a nearby town organized a general strike to protest the influx of refugees into the area. Pakistani officials have repeatedly denied claims hy Moscow and Kabul in the past year that the camps were being used to train fightets of the anti-Soviet resistance. However, they have acknowledged frequent insurgent traffic across the Porous border, which they say is impossible to stop. The figures do not include members of Afghanistan's urban elite whn left government jobs and businesses, mainly in Kabul, and whn do not qualify for relief.

ISLAMABAD, Jan. 5 (SPA) - Pakistan will issue special passports for pilgrims next JUSIOE L. year, President Zia-ul-Haq said here Sunday. 4 SIME. The president, addressing a conference on 0.086 pilgrimage, said that the new passports will make it difficult for Pakistani pilgrims to remain in Sandi Arabia after they have per-

formed their religious duties. Some 50,000 Pakistanis will perform pil-' तात्री कर

grimage this year, according to Zia who in the thanked the Saudi Arabian government for 1:00 the facilities it extends to pilgrims in general Heards and to those coming from Pakistan in particu-14 15 1 1.20 14 lar.

Mahmoud Haroun, the religious affairs minister, also lauded the Kingdom for giving S TH .vi 1 facilities to the pilgrims every year. 1• sc19

Bani-Sadr hits Rajai's policies

London Bureau

LONDON, Jan. 5 — Iranian President Abul Hassan Bani-Sadr has severely criticized Premier Rajar's government and described it as "calamitous" for the country.

In an emotional letter to Iran's spiritual leader Ayatollah Khomeini Oct. 31, an Arabie copy of which was published in Asharq Al -Awsat Monday, Bani-Sadr told Khnmeini that he had once told the Revolutionary Council with tears that "what we are not dning from a positinn of strength, one day we would be forced tn accept from a posinnn nf weakness and capitulation."

He said the opponents "used to tell you that I am against revolutionary nrganizations and that I want to fortify the position of the army." He added that all his attempts failed to convince Khnmeini that Iran's enemies, both inside and outside, wanted to create mainr calamity. Despite all this, he said, he

nces foes Rajai denou

TEHRAN. Jan. 5 (R) — Prime Minister Muhammad Ali Rajai, shouting himself hoarse at times, denounced the Iranian Government's foes at hnme and abroad during a religious rally here Monday. He condemned hnth western and eastern imperialism and, in an indirect but unmistakeable attack on President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr, hit out at liberal opponents of the dergy-dominated Government.

One of the few issues, not covered in the 70-minute speech, was that of the latest U.S. proposals for ending the 14-month old fate of the 52 captives.

Meanwhile, nne parliamentary deputy said he believed that no great progress had been

Kingdom finances Thai power plant

By Edward Thangarajah Arab News Correspondent

BANGKOK, - The Vice-Chairman and Managing Director of the Saudi Arabia Fund for Development Muhammad A. Alsugiab signed an agreement Monday to lend US \$33.2 million to Thailand to help contruct a lignite plant for energy development here. The interest-free loan is repayable in 20 years with a grace period of five years. The agreement was signed with Thailand's Finance Minister Dr. Amnuay Virawan who thanked

Gamasi flown to Paris for treatment

CAIRO, Jan. 5(AP) - Former war minister Ahdul Ghani Gamasi, credited with planning the surprise attack on Israel in 1973, was flown in France Mnnday for treatment on a cerebral haemorrhage.

Cairo radio said Gamasi was flown on a Mystere jet fighter-bomber and would be treated in the American Hospital in Paris. The report quoted a medical bulletin as saying Gamasi's condition had "improved" since his hospitalization Saturday after a prolnnged coma. It gave no further details. Gamasi, who holds the rank of field did all he could, hut the role of the army remained totally different from the traditional role of the armed fnrces. He charged that those who lamented the country's state of affairs were the real cause of all hardships.

He said that more than once he had alerted Khnmeini nn the country's faltering economy, which has now been forced to withdraw funds from the Central Bank. He also drew the spiritual leader's attention to the spiral of inflation in Iran in the thick of the current war with Iraq.

The president told Khnmeini frankly that the present government was unworthy of running the administration under the present conditions, and "we must not consign the fate of the country to the hands of thuse whn are unacquainted with the situation the country is in, because of their utter incompetence.

Bani-Sadr claimed that those who caused the destruction of the army and the country's economy were nnw sitting in the company of

achieved as a result of the new proposals. After Raja's speech, the crowd attending the rally passed resolutions demanding the withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan, condemning Israeli attacks nn south Lebanon, and denouncing the current Middle East trip by fnrmer U.S. Secretary nf State Henry Kissinger. Other resolutions had a marked anti-

Bani-Sadr tune. They condemned plnts against the clergy, called for an offensive in the stalemated war with Iraq and urged that three vacant ministerial posts be filled.

for rejecting at least 10 of his numinees fur the post of foreign minister.

Khomeini framing charges against others on the basis of hes and fabrications. He went on tn say that these men successfuly demnralized any military leader who tried to do something against the enemy.

world was a government imposed on the pres-ident of the republic and the supreme com-mander of the armed forces, with the aim of creating problems for the president and making propaganda against him. He also asserted that no country on earth would have men



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ance will he financed by the OPEC fund, the Asian Development Bank, Switzerland and Swiss Banks. The lignite plant is expected provide 150 megawats of electricity by 1984. marshal, was being treated in the Ma'adi Military Hospital. But, according to the

Dr. Virawan told Arab News that the bal-

Egyptian press, President Anwar Sadat ordered he be flown to France, his condition permitting. As chief of staff of the Egyptian Armed Forces during the October 1973 war, Gamasi was also chief of operations. He masterminded the surprise storming of the Israeli fortifications across the Suez Canal, thus giving the Arabs the upper hand in the war.

Israel had occupied the Sinai peninsula since 1967, and the Egyptian thrust made Gainer a history and

Rajai has personally criticised Bani-Sadr

Saudi Arabia for its kind gesture. According to the terms of the bond Thailand will use the money to construct a station for the lignite plant. The whole project will cost US \$392.5 million of which US \$195.9 million is to be obtained in foreign currency from overseas sources.

The president said that nowhere in the

(Continued on back page)

anabnewsLocal

TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1981

To improve manpower

States and the state of the sta

PAGE 2

Fechnical training body formed

RIYADH, Jan. 5 (SPA) - The board of the newly formed General Organization for Technical and Vocatiooal Training soon will hold its first meeting under the chairmanship of Labor and Social Affairs Minister Sheikh Ibrahim Al-Angari, officials disclosed Sun-

day. The organization will carry out programs for the development of technical aod vocational manpower in light of the state's policy, according to Dr. Abdul Wahhab Attar, the

organization's chairman of the board of trustees. He added that labor ministry vocational training centers, institutes, technical schools aod institutes affiliated to the education ministry have merged with the organizatioo which, though financially and administratively independent, comes under the supervisioo of the labor and social affairs minister. There are 18 vocational training centers in Saudi Arabia, eight industrial centers, eight commerce schools, an agricultural institute.

Governor opens youth hostel

DAMMAM, Jao. 5 (SPA) - Prince Abdul Mohsen ibn Jiluwi, Eastern Province goveroor, opened here Sunday evening a SR 55 million youth hostel. The compound comprises an administrative building, sports club and housing complex, as well as rest rooms, cinema, theater, library, lecture hall, swimming pool, several gynasiums and a 300square meter restaurant and cafeteria.

Prioce Faisal ibn Fahd, head of the Geoeral Yooth Welfare Organization, who attended the ceremooy, said that more centers will be opened in various regions of Saudi Arabia uoder the state's third Five- Year-Plan. The : Southern Province youth center will be completed within 11 months and the Qasim center after nine mooths. A year later, other centers will be built in Al-Khobar and Ahsa.

COMMENT

By Abdullah Omar Khayyat Al Jazirah

For many years, we have had foreign players in our soccer teams cootracted to coach our players in the technique of the game. Despite so many years of their stay with us, we still depend on them for victories oo the pretext that it is only they who can play a peoalty or a corner or even a free shot.

While no one would object to beoefitting from expatriate expertise and feels bappy givcapabilities, oo one ing preference to foreigners and disallowing the native players even from playing an easy kick like a 'peoalty.'

1 simply wonder how long we shall continue to sign off foreign players without caring to draft a program under which our . players should beoefit from Their skill

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withio a specific time schedule. It is almost a quarter of a century, or more, since we have been having foreign players in our soccer teams. Their oumber is still on the increase, so much so that SR 30 millioo budget of ooe of the native teams has been mostly speot on bringing in foreign players.

1 reiterate there would be no objectioo to the import of expatriate skill, provided our players are made to benefit from their foreign colleagues within a set period of time. Moreover, I doo't understand why we coocentrate oo players more than oo good coaches who should help in the creation of a soccer generation from among our own natives?

I still long to see the day when one ream triumphs over the other with a national complement, without taking pride in a purchased victory as is the case at preseot.

a higher institute for technicians and two higher commerce institutes. Some 7,104 students are registered in these institutes and schools. Dr. Attar also said two other new vocational training centers will be opened within the coming 20 months in Al-Layth and Al-Nammas

The organization's officials at present are conducting their work from the ministers of educatioo and labor and social affairs, but they will take up their posts at the organization's new beadquarters in Rivadh this month Dr. Attar said the manpower council headed by Prince Sultan, minister of defense and aviation, coordinates programs dealing with the development of buman resources in the Kingdom and charts policies aimed at raising manpower standards and providing material and moral incentives to the workers.

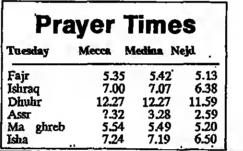
Health ministers urge training plan

MANAMA, Jan. 5 (SPA) - Arab Gulf Health Ministers Council asked the Arab Medicine and Medical Instrument Manufacturing Company Sunday to prepare an integrated plan and a crash program for the training of technicians involved in the manufacture of medicine in Saudi Arabia, Kuwait and the United Arab Emirates.

The Cooocil also agreed to set up the first factory for medical equipment and disposable syringes in Oman.

Other decisions call for every member state to adopt the system of unified purchase of at least 50 per cent of its medicine requirements, which will amount to some \$10.5 million. The Council recommended that when member states wish to buy medicine, they should deal only with those companies registered in Saodi Arabia, Kowait and the UAE.

Previous achievements of the Council include the creatioo of a fund to combat malaria, the production of joint programs to promote public awareness of health and the creation of a strategy for setting up pharmaceutical factories.





Dr. Abdo Yamani Talks center on Arab image

RIYADH, Jan. 5 (SPA) - Saudi Arabians studying abroad may be asked to work to change the Arab stereotype image that prevails within the Western community, Information Minister Dr. Muhammad Abdo Yamani said Monday.

The minister was addressing a seminar at Riyadh University on "the Crisis of Arab Information." The seminar was also attended by Dr. Zain A-Abedin, head of the mass communications department of Imam Muhammad ibn Saud Islamic University, and Dr. Abdul Rahman Al-Zamel, deputy governor of the general electricity board.

Speakers discussed the deteriorating cooditions of information in the Arab world caused political and social circumstances in the region. They proposed a oumber of solutions to improve Arab media standards and to serve such crucial issues as the Palestinian cause and the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan.

Education directorate approved for Mahayel

RIYADH, Jan. 5 (SPA) - Education Minister Dr. Abdul Aziz Al-Khuwaiter approved the formation of an independent education directorate for Mahayel to supervise educational and administrative affairs in Tihamat Asir and Beni Shahr Mooday.

The oew directorate will deal directly with the Ministry of Education. Its area of operation will cover Mujaridah, Bareq, Thalnth Al-Manzar, Khamis Mutair, Mahayel, Qana and Khamis Al-Bahr. The directorate will start operating as of the next academic year. 1981-1982 when its technical and administration offices are completed. The areas to be connected to the oew directorate will be deleted from Abha Education Directorate's bodget in the next academic year.

Shahi receives envoy

ISLAMABAD, Jan. 5 (SPA) - Pakistani Foreign Minister Agha Shahi met with Saudi Ambassador Sheikh Samir Al-Shihabi Sunday and discussed with him bilateral relations and issues of common interest. They took up in particular arrangements for the forthcoming Third Islamic Summit in Mecca and Taif.



Scientists study desert

By Alan Kenney

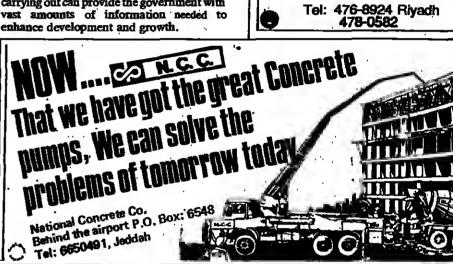
JEDDAH, Jan. 5 - Two British geography professors are conducting tests to determine Saudi Arabian desert characteristics in order to provide information on obstacles to building for developers and planners.

Dr. Fawaz Alamy, director of the Institute of Meteorology and Arid Land Studies at King Abdul Aziz University, invited Prof. R.U. Cooke from Bedford College and Dr. Denys Brunsden from King's College, to perform field studies on local natural conditions and their obstacles to development. During their 10-day visit the two men will tour various regions of the Kingdom.

Cooke and Brunsden have been studying geomorphological conditions throughout the Middle East and have provided studies to various governments to help in their development planning process. The scholars will be studying processes such as wind activity and sand movement, the presence of salt in the soil and the nature of flooding and sediment movement. According to the experts the informatoo will be useful for planners and engineers prior to any development work. Various conditions cause building foundations to crumble within years after completion, and the research determines these conditioos and the degrees of intensity.

According to Cooke, arid land studies in Saudi Arabia are important and will add information on the conjugates ertification in arid areas. The method by which the Kingdom deals with the desert and urban growth will add significantly to current United Nations studies, he said.

Brunsden added that the inter-disciplinary approach the arid land studies department uses will make it one of foremost institutes of its kind. He said the studies the institute is carrying out can provide the government with vast amounts of information needed to enhance development and growth.







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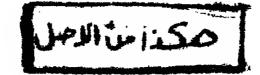
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UESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1981

JARY 6,

anabnews Middle East

PAGE

TExhausted Begin hints at quitting

TEL AVIV, Jan. 5 (Agencies) - Prime linking Menahem Begin seemed exhausted during a cabinet meeting Sunday and hinted bathe might resign, Israeli press reports said Monday, The daily *Hearet* said that Begin howed "a tone of exhaustion from the contant effort of bridging the differences in the overnment." At the cabinet meeting, the initian managed to stave off the collapse off the coalition government, but only for a ew days."

The newspaper Davar, official organ of the DING of several cabinet ministers was that Begin would have to resign soon.

The cabinet is split over the teachers' demands for pay increases. Finance Minister Vigael Hurvitz has given his written "condinal resignation," saying it will take effect if ding dine teachers' demands are met. Hurvitz says Royathe pay hikes would undermine his anti-³ avai inflation measures. But Education Minister nsiss Levening range more money.

ents. The cabinet managed to put the crisis aside temporarily by setting up a committee of Begin, Hurvitz, and Hammer to discuss the nas: RS pay issue and report back to the cabinet later this week.

The teachers unhappy with the compromise, held a one-hour warning strike Monday. Press reports said Begin still seemed eager ns to stay in office, but more pessimistic about Street his chances of keeping his government **Commandos** being trained)r office to fight French in Senegal BONN, Jan. 5(R) — A Senegalese opposi-tion leader backed by Libya said Sunday he 3dh

was training Islamic commandos to fight against the French presence in Senegal. Khalifa Niasse said he also wanted the World Court at The Hague to try former Senegalese President Leopold Sedar Senghor for alleged corruption. Senghor resigned last week after 20 years as head of state of the West African country.

Niesse, who fled Senegal in 1978 and now lives in Libya, was interviewed during a stopover in Bonn on his way to The Hague. He said Libyan leader Muammar Qaddafi 1.4 had given him the former Senegalese embassy building in Tripoli as headquarters for his revolutionary Islamic movement, the Hezb Aliah (Party of God). Libya was also giving the movement financial aid, he added. Niasse, who advocates an Islamic revolution in Senegal, said his main aims were to close down French military bases in his country and end what he called the French hold on its country. Senegal was a French colony until

together. If Hurvitz resigns, he will deprive Begin of his paper-thin majority in the 120member Knesset.

Some officials of Begin's Likud hloc hope to replace Hurvitz's vote with the three-mao independent Ahva (Brotherhood) faction, but there is a lot of opposition to such a move.

Crincs say Ahva has little ideological kinship with the coalition, and thot to bring it into power would make the government look like a body bent on merely surviving. Even if he resigns, Begin and his cabinet could stay in power as a caretaker regime until November. when national elections are scheduled.

The cabinet also approved the appointment of Yoram Aridor as minister of communications following the resignation last week of the former Minister Yitzhak Modai. Meanwhile, Labor opposition leader Shimoo Peres has put off a visit to the United States owing to the correct domestic situation in Israel, he said in an interview Sunday.

Peres recently appointed to head the party, told Maariv that the government was "totally bankrupt" as last week's sacking of police chief Herzi Shafir proved, and the Labor Party would use " all possible democratic means' to topple it.

The opposition leader said that he failed to see what Begin's government hoped to achieve by gaining time through technicalities. "Things can only get worse aod Labor will inherit a catastrophic situatioo," he told Maariv.

"We consider the French presence in

Senegal to be an act of aggression which jus-

tifies a military riposte," Niasse said. "I am

convinced that my country is not iodepen-

dent. The whole French colonial system

remained in place after the country was declared independent," he added. He said his

commandos were being trained by former

officers of the Senegalese armed forces, but

declined to say how many men his movement

Niasse said the Hezb Allah, outlawed hy

Senghor, was seeking legal status as a politi-

cal party from the new Senegalese govern-

ment. Only four parties are allowed to oper-

He was waiting to see the attitude of the

oew President . Abdou Diouf toward his

ate in the country at present.

independence in 1960.

Chicago panel to oppose extradition of Palestinian

Houston Bureau

HOUSTON, Jan. 5 - A defense committee has been formed in Chicago, Ill., to pre-vent the extradition of a 20-year-old Palestinian who faces charges that he planted a bomb in the occupied West Bank.

Ziad Abu Ein, a native of Ramallah, is accused of having placed a bomb in Tiberias oo May 14, 1979, which exploded, killing two persons and injuring many more.

The Israeli request to the U.S. State Department for Abu Eio's extradinon is based primarily on a statemeot by a man named Jamal Hassan Yassin which purportedly links Abu Ein to the bombing. According to that statement, Yassin is reported to be a member of Fateh, a Palestinian resistance organizatioo. The statement weot on to claim that Yassin had giveo Ahu Ein a bomb, along with instructions to place it in a crowded marketplace io the town of Tiberias, that he had later beard that a bomb had exploded there, and that Abu Eio reported that he had placed the bomh.

The only other evideoce against the Palestinian youth is a statement from his cousin, who cliamed to have carried a note from Yassio to Abu Ein. The oote, bowever, is not alleged to have included any mentioo of the bombing.

Yassin's "confession," which was written io Hehrew, a language Ahu Ein cliams Yassin does oot speak, has since been retracted. The U.S. District Court in Chicago, however, accepted the evideoce as probable cause that Abu Ein had committed the crime, and ordered his extraditioo to Israel.

The Palestinian first arrived in Chicago in June 1979, to visit his sister. In August of 1979; the FBI arrested Abu Ein and he has held in prison since that time.

In his defeose, Abu Ein has offered the court nine affidavits testifying that on the day the bomb exploded in Tiherias, he had been in Ramallah, tending his father's store, bringing his sister-in-law to the bospital for the delivery and later celebrating with the doctors who had attended the birth of his oephew.



IN ACTION: Soviet-made Iraqi

Khomeini's plea ignored

Power struggle hampers Iran's war effort

TEHRAN, Jan. 5 (ONS) - A power struggie between rival political factions is impairing Iran's war effort despite appeals from Avatollah Khomeini for an end to the infighting. The disagreements are usually confined to wars of words but two violent clashes recently have added an ominous oew dimeo-

First, in the holy city of Mashad, a crowd chanting slogans against Iran's dominent clergy tore down a picture of Ayatollah Hossein Ali Montazeri, the religious leader con-sidered by many to be the beir apparent to Khomeini. They also cut the microphones at a meeting being addressed by one of President Abulhassan Bani-Sadr's leading suppor-ters, Ahmad Salamatian, member of the Iraman parliament for Isfahan.

Violence erupted again after an anti-Bani-Sadr demonstratioo in Isfahan during Friday prayers. Demonstrators read out a statement demanding the removal of Salamatian. When another of Bani-Sadr's supporters, Professor Ali Tehrani, tried to address a meeting, stooes were thrown and his car windscreen smashed. A rival group took to the streets and shopwindows showing posters of Ayatollah Khomeini were broken.

The disagreements among the factions are conducted both inside parliament and ontside, in the newspapers owned by rival groups and even in audiences with Khomeini.

The fundamentalist Islamic Republic Party (IRP) of the clergy is in a strong position. Its three leading figures are Hashemi Rafsan-jani, speaker of the Majlis or parliament, Hojatoleslam Hossein Khomeini, grandson of Ayatollah Khomeini, and Ayatollah Sayed Beheshti. In additioo to being entrenched in the seats of administrative power, the IRP has a majority in the Majlis and complete dominence in the cabinet of Prime Minister Muhammad Ali Rajai, who, while not being a member of the IRP, rarely acts against its interests.

However, Bani-Sadr is by no means without support. In addition to a oumber of members of parliament, he has the breaking of a section of the clergy and some senior lay offi-cials such as Reza Nobari, governor of the Central Bank. However, his strongest weapon is undoubtedly his popular appeal, which has risen considerably since the start of the war with Iraq. The presideot is commander-in-chief of the armed forces and speods virtually the whole of his time in the war zone, His thoughts and actions are displayed, sometimes dramatically, sometimes chattily, in a daily diary published in his name in his newspaper, Islamic Revolution, the cir-culation of which has soared in recent weeks to around 500,000, twice as much as the declining Islamic Republic, the IRP paper. Typical of the infighting was a petition

signed by 67 Mailis members recently and organized by Hassan Ayat, an implacable opponent of Bani-Sadr. The pention criti-cized "one of the highest authorities" for "disclosing vital state secrets" in Bani-Sadr's diary in Islamic Revolution.

The accusation was that the president had disclosed that, during a closed session of the Majlis, the IRP had wanted to increase the influence of the revolutionary guards, fervent Islamic volunteer fighters, at the expense of the regular armed forces, and had wanted to train the revolutionary guards in the use of artillery and other beavy weapons. At present the guards use only small arms.

The influence of the revolotionary guards had been reduced after a lengthy written complaint from Bani-Sadr to Khomeini and as a result the guards had been integrated into a command structure of the armed forces to the displeasure of some of the IRP members, who regard the army as tainted with antirevolutionary sentiments from the Shah's regime.

Much of the infighting involves trying to get the ear of Khomeini. The ayatollah oow lives in a small house in a poor part of north Tehran only half-a-mile from the Shah's palace. Here the air is purer than in polloted central Tehran? The ayatollah is also in closer touch with political events in Tehran than he was when he lived in Qom,

movement before deciding whether to start commando action. "Recognizing the party would be the first big step and those in power would be able to sleep more casily," he said.

had.

UNIFIL chief seeks to meet Eitan

NAHARIYA, Northern Israel, Jan. 5 (AFP) — Gen. Emmanuel Erskine, commander-m-chief of the United Nations Interim Forces in Lebanon (UNIFIL), has requested a meeting with Israeli Chief of Staff Gen. Raphael Eitan to attempt to end a dispote between spokesman of the two forces. In the dispute, the UNIFIL spokesman confirmed the accuracy of reports by Dutch UNIFIL soldiers that they had seen Israeli soldiers set fire to the bodies of five Palestmian commandos killed in South Leba-

noo by Israeli forces who intercepted them as they were approaching the Israeli Hanita Kibbotz.

When the Israeli spokesman denied these reports, the UNIFIL spokesman retorted that after "scrupulous investigatioo" it had been established that the Dutch soldiers "were not lying." The UNIFIL spokesmeo told Israeli reporters here Sunday that Gen. Erskine wants to put an end to the dispute before the visit of Dutch Foreign Minister to Israel Thursday.

Jordan wants UNRWA in Mideast

AMMAN, Jan. 5 (AP) - King Hussein's government urged the United Nations Monday to move the headquarters of the U.N Relief and Works Ageocy for Palestinian refugees from Vienna back to the Middle East, an official statement here reported. The headquarters was moved from Beirut

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in 1976 because of the Lebanese civil war. A government spokesman in Jordan charged UNRWA's social, health and educational services 1 to the 2.9 million 1 U.N.-registered

Palestinian refugees had since declined stead-

Moving the headquarters back to a host country in the Middle East would reduce UNRWA's \$60 millioo budget deficit and help improve the services, the spokesman said.

The main host countries are Lebanoo, Syria and Jordan. The Jordanian government previously sooght to get UNRWA's beadquarters moved to Amman.

Switzerland warned over fate of 2 Armenians

BEIRUT, Jan. 5 (AFP) - The self-styled "Secret Army for the Liberatioo of Armenia" announced here Sunday that it was allowing the Swiss government two weeks in which to come up with an acceptable decisioo on the future of two SALA militants who have been in custody in Switzerland for more than three months.

In a statement published by the newspaper Al Nahar here, SALA called on "all revolutionary groups in the world that follow our revolutionary line to cease their attacks against Switzerland and its institutions both inside the confederation and abroad until Jan, 15"

The statement continued: "By that date, depending on results obtained during these

AMMAN, (AP) — Former Jordanian Prime Minister Ahmad Muhammad Toukan died here at the age of 78 after a prolonged illness, a royal palace spokesman announced. The Palestinian-born, Oxford-educated veteran politician was prime minister in 1970 when Palestinian commandos were expelled from Jordan.

KUALA LUMPUR, (AFP) - Representatives of the Libyan People's Committee took over the Libyan embassy in Kuala Lumpur, announcing it was now a "people's bureau". The leader r or the People's Bureau, Ali Sulaiman Alaujali, announced the

two weeks concerning (the future) of Alexi and Suzy (the two militants) we shall decide oo the attitude to be adopted toward the Swiss government."

In an earlier communique released Thursday, SALA threateoed punitive action against Swiss diplomats everywhere in the world unless humanitarian organizations were allowed access to the two militants, who have been in custody since Oct. 3.

This weekend. Swiss authorities refused to grant provisional liberty to SALA militant Suzy Mahnerrejian, an American of Arme-man origin, and her alleged accomplice, Alex Yenokomoshian, who have beeo charged with extortion and complicity in the illegal possession of explosives.

BRIEFS

takeover at a press conference here Monday.

AMMAN, (R) - South Korean Minister of Communications Kim Ki-choul arrived here Monday for a four-day official visit to Jordan aimed at strengthening bilateral rela-tions and discussing the situation in the Middle East.

DACCA, (AFP) - The president of Bangladesh Zianr Rahman has opened a 14nation Asian art exhibit here aimed at "developing and strenthening friendship, solidarity and mutual understanding among Asian artists."

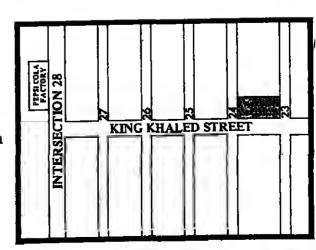


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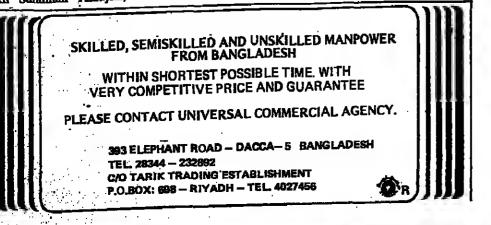
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PAGE 4

Congressional report: **Defense capability** is declining in U.S.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5 (R) - United States national security is being threatened by a serious decline in the capability of defense-related industries, a congressional report said Monday.

The report, by a House of Representatives Armed Services Sub-committee, said the condition of the industrial hase of U.S. defense had deteriorated and was in danger of worsening still further. It cited serious deficiencies among sub-contractors, shortage of skilled manpower, dependence on foreign sources of raw material, low productivity and economic restraints on investment in new technology.

The report said "the Defense Department had no plans to deal with the prohlem and that its inaction, along with weapons, buying problems and inflation, "has contributed to the deterioration of the U.S. defense industrial base, and as a consequence jeopardises

national security.

Congressman Richard Ichord, who headed hearings on the problem, said: "an alarming erosion of crucial industrial elements, coupled with a mushrooming dependence on foreign sources for critical materials, is endangering our defense posture at its very foundation." The report said inflexible The report said inflexible policies in the Pentagon discouraged the type of contracts promoting U.S. interests, and current tax and profit policies appeared to discourage investment in new technology.

It said diffusion of responsibilities in both Congress and the Defense Department had contributed to a lack of effective long-range planning in the defense industry. Armed Ser-vices Committee Chairman Melvin Price said the findings "reveal that the U.S. Defense industrial base lacks the capacity, manpower. skills and critical materials required to swing into crisis production."

New Govt. in Portugal takes office Thursday

LISBON, Jan. 5 (R) - Prime Ministerdesignate Francisco Pinto Balsemao has completed the formation of a new government which will prohably be sworn in next Thursday, according to sources in bis Social Democratic Party.

Pinto Balsemao, who became leader of the ruling right-wing coalition following the

Gunmen shoot two Americans in Salvador

SAN SALVADOR, Jan. 5 (AP) -Unidentified gunmen assassinated two American lawyers and a high-ranking Sal-vadoran official, month after the murder of four American women missionaries in this violence wracked central American nation, In Washington, the U.S. Government expressed grief Sunday over the latest deaths.

The president of the ruling civilian-military junta, Jose Napoleon Duarte, said "an exhaustive investigation will be made" into the slayings of Mark David Pearlman, 42, Michael Peter Hammer, 44, and the Salvadoran president of the Agrarian Transformation Institute, Jose Rodolfo Viera, 40.

Police spokesman said special units have been assigned to the case but that there were no leads to the identity of the gunmen who walked into the Sheraton Hotel restaurant bere shortly before midnight Saturday and shot the men at a table where they were having coffee.

death of Prime Minister Francisco Sa Cameiro in an air crash last month, had encountered considerable difficulty in putting together a ministerial team.

The sources said his Minister of Finance and Economie Planning is Christian Democrat Joao Morais Leitao.

The former Minister of Social Affairs replaces Social Democrat Anibal Cavaco Silva, who masterminded the ruling democranc alliance's economic policy during its first

12 months in office. Cavaco Silva refused to accept a post in the new cabinet. The Foreign Ministry goes to Andre Goncalves Pereira, an independent, the sources said.

The sources said the new 16-member ministerial cabinet would be presented to President Antonio Ramaiho Eanes Monday for approval

Former Industry and Energy Minister Alvaro Barreto heads a newly created Ministry of European Integration to oversee portugal's negotiations to join the European Economic Community (EEC).

The post of vice-prime minister, occupied in the outgoing administration by Christian Democrat leader Diogo Freitas Do Amaral, is abolished.

Freitas do Amaral declined to take part in the new Government, but the number two figure in the Christian Democrat Party, Basilio Horta, becomes Minister of State in the Prime Minister's office.

The Monarchist Party, which has only six seats in the 250-member Parliament, gets its first cabinet post with the nomination of Augusto Ferreira Do Amaral as Minister for the Quality of Life, responsible for the Environment, Youth, Sport and the state-owned media. The defense ministry goes to Azevedo Coutinho, secretary of state to the previous Defense Minister Adelino Amaro Da Costa, wbo died with the prime minister in the air crash. Only three ministers keep their portfolios, while ten of the 16 ministers are newcomers to the cabinet, the sources said. Prime Minister Pinto Balsemao has encountered problems in getting whole-hearted support from his party's right wing and from the Christian Democrats, junior partners in the three-party coalition. The Christian Democrats regard him as too leftist.

Mabrews International



BUSY DAY: Indian traffic police, rickshaws and trams set the scene for a busy day in India's largest city of Calcutta, against the background of the Hooghly River bridge. A new bridge is planned over the river.

Biggest manhunt

Man, believed Yorkshire Ripper, held

LEEDS, Jan. 5 (Agencies) - Police hunting a mass murderer known as the 'Yorkshire Ripper' have arrested a man who was due to appear in court Monday.

Britain's higgest ever manhunt for a sadistie killer who claimed 13 women victims in five years, had now been scaled right down, police said. The police chief who led 300 investigators in a £ 4 million manhunt-said "we are absolutely delighted with developments," The man married and in his thirties,

was arrested in a red light district of Sheffield Friday on suspicion of driving with false number plates. Detectives in the Ripper squad were later called in and he now faced a serious charge," police chief Ronald Gregory said.

After a woman was battered to death in Leeds five years ago, the the Ripper killed 12 more women to become Britain's most notorious murder since 'Jack the Ripper,' in the 19th century. The Yorkshire Ripper had

Chad refugees caught in political game

KOUSSERI, Northern Cameroon, Jan. 5 (AFP) - Tens of thousands of Chadian refugees in this small town, across the Chari River from Chad's capital of NdJamena, are in danger of becoming a political football, with their plight relegated to the background.

The Cameroon authorities are anxious to see them leave and the Chadian rulers are just as keen to see them stay for the time being, the refugees' life can be understood by touring the 20-hectare camp where most of them live at Kousseri, and the African quar-

never came to a complete balt, and then return to Kousseri, to a tent or a hut of woven straw.

The refugees wonder how long they will have to keep up this daily round, when they will be able to go back to NdJamena. Officially, the Goukouni government wants them to come home, and the Chad Press Agency recently denounced a "propaganda cam-paign" to the opposite effect carried on bere by former fighters under Hissene Hahre,

Guatemala, El Salvador badly violated civil rights

TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1981

U.S. panel due in India

WASHINGTON, Jan. 5 (R) - A team of U.S. Congressmen leaves for India this week to discuss the tense international situation in the Indian Ocean region, it was announced Monday.

The 13-man group the House of Representatives Armed Services Committee also plans to visit Singapore, Cairo, Tel Aviv and Athens during the 12-day trip starting on Tuesday, committee chairman Melvin Price, an Illinois Democrat, said. Congressman William Dickinson of Alabama, the group's senior Republican, said Indian leaders would be asked to clarify the recent Soviet-Indian resolution opposing all international interference in the internal affairs of the region. "The declaration makes no mention of

Afehanistan even though it is part of the region and occupied by 85,000 Soviet troops," Dickinson said.

In Singapore the delegation planned to dis-cuss the growing number of Soviet warships passing through the Strait of Malacco bound for the Indian ocean and the increased use of Soviet bases in Vietnam and Kampuchea, Price said.

In Cairo and Tel Aviv, he said, the delegation would discuss the progress of Middle East peace negotiations and the prospects of

an end to the Iran-Iraq war. While in Athens the delegation hopes to discuss with Greek leaders the possibility of renewing an agreement on U.S. base rights.

Desai renews claims of Soviet pressure on India

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NEW DELHI, Jan. 5 (AP) - Former Indian Prime Minister Morarji Desai has renewed charges that Soviet leaders tried to pressure him during his 1977-79 administration to take a hostile stand toward Pakistan. the United News of India reported.

Addressing a meeting of his Janata (People's) Party in the western state of Maharashtra Sunday, Desai said that the purpose of Soviet President Leonid Brezhnev's recent visit here was to seek India's "cooperation to keep Pakistan under check." Desai, 84, told the arally that the Soviet. Union wanted India to take his position because of Pakistan's strong opposition to the Russian intervention in Afghanistan.

Last month, Desal triggered a controversy hy saying that Soviet leaders bad wanted him while in office to "teach a lesson to Pakistan." India's subcontinent rival. That statement prompted Prime Minister Indira Gandhi's government to issue a formal denial, Indiaand Pakistan bave fought three wars since they became independent in 1947.

The Janata Party and other opposition groups, barring the Communists, bave demanded the withdrawal of Soviet troops from Afghanistan.

In an interview published Sunday, Mrs. Gaudhi denied that India was tilting toward the Soviet Union. She also said that her ernment would continue to work for friendship with Pakistan.

McLuhan is buried

TORONTO, Jan. 5 (AFP) - Six hundred writers, teachers and students have attended the funeral bere of Marshall McLuhan, the controversial prophet of a coming sociological revolution from the impact of radio and television.

Professor McLuhan, 69, who predicted that television will draw the world together until it resembles a "global village", diet Wednesday. The funeral Sunday for the man described by a New York newspaper as the most important thinker since Newton, Darwin, Freud, Einstein and Pavlov took place in an emotion-charged atmosphere.

ters of Ndjamena whence they came

Here are crowds, movement and life, bowever wretched: across the river, there are looted houses, deserted streets, a city emptied of substance hy nine months of civil war that ended last month with the Libyanhacked victory of President Goukouni Queddei's coalition forces. At 6 every morning, the curfew ends in Ndjamena, and refugees begin crossing the river in canoes to land at Farcha, northwest of the city, or in the center of town, scene of violent fighting during the war.

They visit their old, abandoned, bomes, stop by the house of a relative who remained, make a swing hy the market where activity

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NEW YORK, Jan. 5 (R) - A U.S. group monitoring Latin America and the Caribbean says Guatemala and El Salvador have replaced Argentina as the area's worst civil rights violators.

'These two small central American countries accounted for the deaths, through politically-motivated violence, of some 15,000 people in 1980," according to the annual report of the council on Hemispherie Affairs (COHA). The council is a private

DITACHI

research group with a board of trustees com-posed of trade unionists, educators, members of Congress, religious leaders and liberal political activists.

taunted police with a chilling tape-recorded

message about their failure to catch him.

With each new murder, the investigating

Police gave the name of the arrested man

as Peter Sutcliffe, a truck driver. Police did

not say outright that they believe Sutcliffe is

The ripper's savage killings of unescorted

women in back streets brought terror to north

Goukount's defeated opponent in the war.

Many of the Habre men went to Kousseri

when his forces fled NdJamena in the night of

However, in private, the Chad authorities

clearly fear a massive, rapid return of the refugees. Before that bappens, they want to reestablish security in NdJamena, pickup the

mines and live shells still strewn through the

town and get water and electricity working

England towns in the last five years

team faced increased criticism.

the ripper.

Dec. 14-15.

again

The report said more people died in El Salvador in 1980, largely as the result of "government-condoned rightwing 'death squad' killings, than in all the other nations of Latin America combined." The report found that a pattern of human rights violations has persisted in Argentina - COHA's 'worst case nation last year - and in Chile, Uruguay and Paraguay.

Bolivia joined the ranks of serious human rights violators, the council report said, as a result of the 'massive killings' which followed the July coup staged at General Luis Garcia Mcza. The report cities Ecuador, Venezuela. Costa Rica and the Dominican Republic for having the strongest human rights policies in 1980. Peru is also praised.

Cuba continnes to have a mixed record, COHA said, citing 'disturbing reports' that the number of political prisoners is again increasing. The first year of Sandinist rule in Nicaragua also produced a mixed record, hut this was 'a clear improvement over that com-

Newsman denied entry

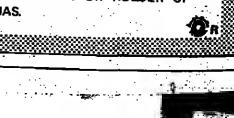
JOHANNESBURG, Jan. 5 (AFP) -General-Secretary of the British National Union of Journalists Ken Ashton was refused entry into South Africa Sunday when he arrived at Johannesburg airport for a visit to investigate measures taken recently against

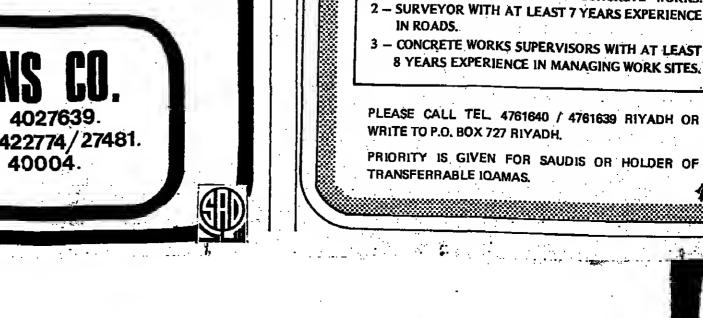
hlack workers. On Monday the president of the Media Workers (hlack) Association of South Africa Zwelakhe Sisulu and the Natal Provincial, vice-president of the Association Murimuthu Subramoney, were handed restriction orders following on eight-week workers strike. Under the orders, the workers were forbid-den to leave their homes at might or at week-ends, to continue working or to belong to an association.

Informed sources here said that Ashton, whose union has some 30,000 members in Britain and Ireland was questioned for several hours at Johannesburg airport. He had planned to meet several MWASA officials. In London before leaving for South Africa, he had stated that "our interest is in supporting the press."

In a statement later, the South African Society of Journalists, which mainly represents white pressmen, stated that "it appears that. the government is using a technically to bar Asbton from South Africa."



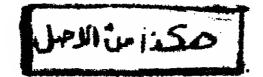






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TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1981

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West Germany out Argentina, Brazil in thrilling tie

MONTEVIDEO, Jan. 5 (AP) - Worin Cup bolders Argentina drew 1-1 with Brazil in a Gold Cup Soccer match that ended in a free-for-all brawl bere Suoday night. Argentina led 1-0 at half time with a 30th minute goal from Diego Maradona, and Brazil. equalized two minutes after the interval through Edevaido.

of Repres tee also it et Avia Argentina won its opening match 2-1 against West Germany, and Brazil needs to ression the so caders a soviet-lat better that score-line when it plays the Germans on Wednesday. Otherwise Argentina will qualify for the Jan. 10 final against host nation Uruguay.

IDODAL N The Argentina-Brazil match, which had f the rep membra n of the vier been played in a good spirit throughout, ended in chaos as referee Erich Linnemayer of Austria battled to separate fighting players of both teams. Armed police raced onto the viet troop field to hreak up the fight and both teams left the pitch.

The violent end came just 24 hours after iet water three players were sent off and five actions lacco bar issued during Uruguay's 2-0 victory over Italy in the same Centenario Stadium. Referee Linnemayer appeared to have

Kamput whistled the game over when the trouble the details started. Nearly all the players were involved in a pushing match and punches were thrown. A group of photographers running onto the prospece pitch added to the confusion, but order was on hope: then restored. Only three players had been interve cautioned during the game and there were base me very few malicious tackles.

Argentina was well worth its first half lead but Brazil fought back well in the second period and twice came close to winning the match in the last five minutes. Maradona's opening goal was scored with classic simplic-

The 20-year-old forward beat defender Luizinho shot strongly past advancing goalkeeper Carlos Alberto, who seemed to get his angles all wrong.

Speedy Brazilian substitute Paulo Izidoro, who replaced Renato at half-time, made an immediate impressioo. Just two minutes after the internal, Argentina goalkeeper Ubaldo Fillol needed to save at his feet. The resultant corner was punched away by Fillol, fullback Edevaldo was at the oposite corner of the penalty area to pound a brilliant first-time drive high into the net.

Both teams created chances io the second half and Argentine substitute Danial Valenica fired against a post in the 68th minute. Throughout the encouoter Argeotine appeared better organized, but flashes of brilace from the Brazilians kept them very much in contention.

With just five minutes remaining Paulo Izidoro squandered a golden opportunity hy miskicking in front of the goal, and three minutes later the Argentine goal and another close escape.

Goalkeeper Fillol reshed out to collect a remarkable shot from Edevaldo. Toninho Cerezo and Paulo Izidoro both followed up and Socrates eventually got the ball into the net only to see the move ruled out for off side.

A victory would have been more than the Brazilians deserved for all their guile, their play contained more gloss than substance and Juan Barbas and Osvaldo Ardiles kept Argentina in control of the midfield for long periods.

The three players booked were Argeotina captian Daniel Passarella, for a dreadful foul oo Batista, and Brazilians Batista and Luizinho.

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Brazil's failure to defeat Argentina eliminated European champion West Germany from contention in the prestigious siz-nation competitioo. Uruguay eliminated both Holland and Italy by defeating them in the other semifinal Group.

"This result was a good one for us," said Santana. "We proved we can play at the same level as the world champions. Now it is up to us whether we qualify or not." Argentine technical director Cesar Luis Menotti said the result was "a just one" but did not seem happy with the draw.

The Argentine team must now wait three days to find out whether it has been climinated from the tournament without suffering a defeat.

"Everything was very difficult for us" said Menotti, "My players were tired after a hard match against West Germany. Menotti was criticized by Argeotine journalists for incloding the defensive-minded Juan Barbas ahead of Daniel Valencia but said: "I made the change to allow Diego Maradona more room in the midfield."

"Barbas played very well io our tactical plan."

Menotti had praise for the Brazilians, but. said the pressure would be on Brazil against West Germany. "The Germans bave been resting while the Brazilians were playing in a tighty disputed match" he said. "It will be bard for Brazil to recuperate quickly."



ment, is all smiles as teammates Pas (10) and Martinez (6) coogratulate Ramos, who get

Decision surprises Rivelino, Hilal

Arab News Correspondent

Brazilian soccer star Roberto Rivelino, for

In an interview with Arab News, Rivelino said he did not know how the penalty could be justified, "All that happened was that Saad Brek, one of Ittihad's defenders, kicked me strongly from behind and ran outside the field. I reacted, unintentionally, because the blow hurt me severely and ran after him,"

"What would have bappend if 1 were badly

On the renewal of his contract for two more years, he said that no one has talked to him on the subject at the present. "They know my feeling now, and wheo the simation suitable 1 am at their disposal."

so," Rivo said.

years.'

ressed."

Atletico Madrid improvesposition

PAGE 5

PARIS, Jan. 5 (AFP) — Atletico Madrid producing anything like their best form, opened up a five points lead at the top of the Spanish First Division this weekend after scoring a 0-2 victory over Valladolid.

The Madrid side, who have been beaten only once this season, have now amassed 29 points from 18 games. But they looked a weary, uninspired formation for the first 45 minutes.

It was only in the second-half that they came to life and goals from their South American star Ruben Argentif (58th) and Zsuerra (82nd) ensured their victory against a team struggling near the foot of the division. Atletico Madrid's closest rivals Valencia,

playing without star Argentina World Cup striker Kempes who is in Uruguay for the Mini-World Cup' competition, dropped both points in a tough confrontation at Real Sociedad.

The visitors were rocked back on their heels by a goal by Zamora in the 18th minute and the match looked sewn up for Sociedadi when Satrustegui made it 2-0 ten minutes into the second-half.

A goal three minutes before the final whistle salvaged honour for Valencia but came too late to change the verdict. Meanwhile, Barcelona moved quietly up into third place, just one point behind Valencia, with a 1-0 home victory over Murcia.

Results

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Orlainsky triumphs

SWITZERLAND (AP) - Christian Orlainsky of Austria came from behind in the final run and won the men's second World Cup Giant Slalom race of the season Sunday. The race was marred by adverse weather during the opening leg as three top contenders. were eliminated.

Ninth after the first run, Orlainsky clocked. 1 minute, 19.78 seconds the second timedown the 48-gate track for a winning total of

Milwaukee records fluent victory over San Diego

NEW YORK, Jan. 5 (AP) - San Diego coach Paul Silas was speaking in a smile after. his clippers played Milwaukee, but it was as close to an actual bammering in the National Basketball Association match.

"We were overpowered," Silas said. "They have such great depth and they just keep sending people at you. It was like a hammer and a nail. They started pounding, and they kept on pounding."

The bucks used a fast break and some accurate shooting by Mickey Johnson to hammer the Clippers 128-95 Sunday night, extending San Diego's losing streak to four games.

Johnson led Milwaukee's fast break and hit 10 of his first 11 shots, finishing with 22" points: Junior Brideman topped Milwaukee with 25 points, and Marquzs Johnson added 20. Freeman Williams led San Diego with 20 points.

The bucks led by as many as 23 points in the first quarter, and 10, points by Mickey Johnson helped the bucks take a 64-40 lead

what had been a close game Larry Bird scored 22 of his 33 points in the first balf as the Celtics ran to a 63-55 lead at intermission en route to their fifth victory in six games on a western road trip.

during a fourt-quarter burst led by Tom Owens and Jim Paxson, but six quick points five on a pair of baskets by Bird, one a threepointer - diffused the Portland rally.

IRFU warned

Minister Brian Lenihan told the country's Rugby Football Union Sunday that its government grant may be suspended if it goes ahead with a tour of South Africa in May.

In a radio interview, be urged the Irish Rugby Football Union to reconsider its deci-LONDON, (R) - The American team sion to make the tour and said: "For the sake athletes in action won the World Invitation of half.a.dozen.matches Ireland's credibility Men's Club Basketball Championship ion could be undermit The proposed tour bas been condemned by the main Irish political parties, trade unions and the anti-apartheid movement. Lenihan said special leave would be refused to state employees who are chosen for the tour. This could affect three Irish international players. Informed sources said Irish diplomats feared the IRFU's decision would damage Ireland's standing among African states, particularly in its oew role as a member of the United Nations Security Council. A British Lions Rugby team consisting of players from England, Ireland, Wales and Scotland, toured South Africa last summer. but this will be the first tour by any of the four home countries since England went to South Africa in 1972.

Portland got it within four, at 110-106,

DUBLIN, Jan. 5 (R) - Irish Foreign

By Yousri Hamdi Rivelino added that ne felt bitter when the federation's decisioo banning him for three

RIYADH, Jan. 5 - The Saudi Arabian Football Federatioo's sanctions on Hilal and Ittihad clubs last week, including banning of three months and one extra match, surprised Hilal's management as well as the player himself.

Rivelino said.

burt and could not play again?," be wondered, "And then I found myself being banned for three months while Brek was stood down for only one match," be added.

Rivelino could oot figure out wby Saudi Arabian referees are aggressive towards him,

at the half way stage in route to their fourth straight victory.

D2 101 Only two other games were scheduled in the NBA Sunday night. Indiana downed New Jersey 113-104, and Boston defeated Portland 120-111.

George McGinnis scored 25 points as Indian, won its third in a row while handing the nets their 13th loss in 14 games. That kept New Jersey coach Bob Mackinnon winless as Kevin Loughery's replacement. The pacers outscored New Jersey 11-2

over. the final four minutes of play to win

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defeating Maccabi Tel Aviv of Israel 96-92 in the final Sunday night. Crystal Palace of England took third place with an 89-86 extratime victory over Parker Leicen of the Netherlands. Tus Bayer Leverkusen of East Germany took the women's final with an 80-62 triumph over Ubsc Vienna.

NEW YORK, (AP) - Muhammad Ali and European champion John L. Gardner of Britain have signed cootracts for a 10-round fight the last week of March, Harold Smith president of Muhammad Ali professional Club said Sunday.

UP IN ARMS: Rivelino with a tiny soccer fan

Briefs

HONG KONG, (R) - China defeated North Korea 4-2 in extra-time to take first place in the World Soccer Cup Asian Group IV Qualifying Tournament,

"though some of them are of high standard." "Rough play gets on my nerves, out of the fear of injury. Football is my life and the source of my earning, be said

"I have played football for 18 years in Brazil, with an average of 90 matches per year. 1 had oot been given more than two cards or warnings in any season. But in only 25 matches played in Saudi Arabia, 1 got a lot more warnings and a suspensioo. The comparison is simple.

"The Saodi Arabian players intentionally play rough with me. This harsh play makes me nervous, thus my actions are not intentional but a reaction to my fear of being injured," Rivelino said. He added that in Brazil it is different. "People play the ball and Rivo concluded.

months was issued. "It would be better to

retire rather than receive such a decision that

hurts my reputation which I created in 21

While playing for Hilal, Rivo - as his fans

call him here - said, be bad scored and cre-

ated 61 goals so far. "Above all what makes

stay in Saudi Arabia is Hilal's management

aod its fans, who know well that 1 beeo sup-

of suspension, be said, Hilal's management

will decide about his departure and that of the

translator. "During the period 1 speed among

my people in Brazil, 1 will exercise with one of

the teams there and be ready to comeback

when the management and the coach decide

Speaking about his plans during the period

(AP Wiresho

The Saudi Arabian Foothall Federatioo met last week to discuss the disturbances that occurred after the 1ttihad-Hilal match. Prince Faisal ibo Fahd, president of the youth welfare, had said while reading the decisioos that Rivelino was penalized for his unsportsmanlike behavior. Saudi Arabian international FIFA refree, Fahd Al-Dahmash, wbo supervised the game was also suspeoded for three months for oot being able to control the game.

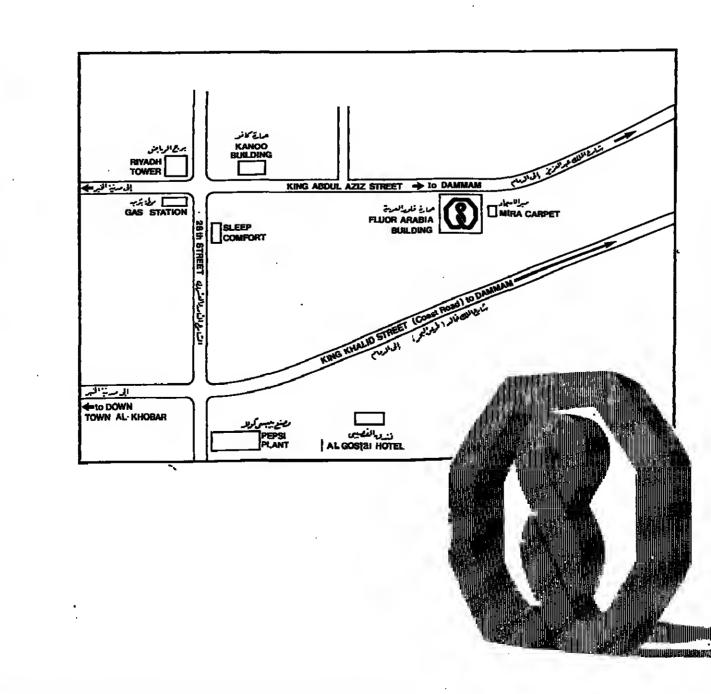
Ittihad's vice-chairman, Amin Abu Hassan was banned from accompanying his team for one year. Two players of the team, Abdullah Ghurab and Saad Brek, were also suspended for one month and one match

2:41.41. His second-leg time was 67bundredths of a second better than the run's. second-fastest, and the only clocking below. 1:20 in both legs.

Australian countryman Hanns Enn, who bad led at the halfway point dropped into second place with 2:41.50. Third was Jeanuc Fournier of Switzerland. He was timed in 2:41.58

Yugoslavia's Bojan Krizaj retired after missing a gate and 1979 World Cup winner Peter Luescher of Switzerland lost one of his sticks then missed two gates and was disqualified.

Swedish favorite Ingemar Stenmark abandoned the race when he tripped on a gate and fell in a first run hampered by beavy snowfall.



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The mediating committee set up under the auspices of the Arab League to try to resolve Arab differences has just completed its visit to Baghdad, Amman and Damas-

igent. Moreover the presidential elections in the United States have provided the humiliating picture of the rival presidential candidates competing for Jewish votes by partisan declarations, and now a new President is to take office with the handicap of a series of recent provocative and prejudiced declarations

self-determination in a homeland of their own an

Israeli Labor government would be no less intrans-

new President of the United States is in no position to embark on an early new endeavor of his own. The divisions amongst the Arabs and Muslims maymake them all the more anxious to come together again without undue delay on issues, such as

these constructive provisions which , together with the principles set out in Resolutions 242 and 338, could constitute the substance of a comprehensive solution. They are provisions and principles which neither the United States nor the Soviet Union

could oppose, they have been publicly accepted by all the Arab states concerned, including Egypt, They could end present Arab disputes, and could help too to end the tragic situation in Lebanon. They could hring to Israel the security it so badly needs, security which is now so seriously threatened

The outline, the framework, of a comprehensive peace is now clear enough. We must most earnestly hope that the existing opportunity which the Venice Declaration provides will not be thrown away by doubt or delay. It is impossible to see how any alternative initiative could emerge, or who could sponsor it. There is a real possibility now that at last the tragic conflict of past decades which has brought so moch bloodshed and so much suffering can be ended, ended by an impartial international initia-

As the Venice Declaration said the principles of a settlement are now "universally accepted". What a tragedy, what an inexcusable failure it will be if the present opportunity of winning a lasting peace is thrown away by procrastination or prejudice or cowardice.

cus. The committee's approach, reflecting the style of the Arab League Secretary General Chedli Klibi, has been commendably low-keyed, in keeping with the difficulty and complexity of the problems it has to solve.

The committee's next task is the convening of a mini-Arab summit in Saudi Arabia, attended by the immediate parties to the dispute, in which outstanding points of disagreement are to be finally settled.

It is easy, given the present situation in the Arab world, for observers to discern on the horizon nothing but signs of danger and causes for despair. Yet the committee is itself a good sign that the Arab world will not allow its present internal difficulties to fester unchecked. The good offices of the Arab League, together with those of the moderate states, will ensure that its findings and recommendations will not go in vain.

Arab observers can also take heart from the fact that the present disagreement between Iraq and Jordan on the one hand, and Syria on the other, is neither the first nor the gravest of such disagreements. The parties to the dispute must know that, sooner or later, they will have to find a way out of it, since their need for mutual cooperation and coordination is nothing less than absolute.

When they do so, the Arab world will be in a better position to deal with those questions which should always have precedence over all else: questions such as those of Arab strategy in the face of the mounting Zionist aggression, and those of internal development, both economically and socially.

Letter to the editor

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him your checks. ARAB NEWS welcomes letters from the readers. The letters, preferably 1yped and having full address, may be edited for space and clarity.

They should be addressed to THE LETTER'S EDITOR. ARAB NEWS P.O. BOX 4556 JEDDAH, SAUDI ARABIA

Soviets more ambitious over Afghanistan

(The writer is a professor of political science at Col umbia University.)

By Zalmay Khalikzad

Immediately after the Soviet invasion of Afghanistan, many people argued that the Soviet purpose in invading was limited and that its intervention would soon succeed. But Soviet policies since the invasion, and the Afghan resistance, have undercut much of this type of analysis. A more ambidous and threatening Soviet posture on

Afghanistan is in fact emerging. A year ago, Moscow was said to have soured on the pro-invasion president, Hafizullah Amin, who was seen as a budding Tito. But the Soviets had loyal friends in the military and government and their own intelligence and military presence. They surely could have disposed of the unpopular Amin without dispatching \$5,000 troops.

That the Soviets still appear so reluctant to consider a political compromise, even after a costly year of energene Afghan resistance, indicates that from the start they had a more extensive ambition than the removal of one man. At the least, it was to integrate Afghanistan into the Soviet satellite empire.

The year has been costly — above all, of course, for the Afghan. One-tenth of the country's 15 million-plus people have fled. A state of war governs life in Afghan cities, with crufews and food shortages. Substantial civilian and partisan casualnes have been sustained.

The Soviet Union has also paid a price, one it

Press

apparently feels it can afford. Its behavior under-lines its determination to maintain its grip on Afghanistan. Indiscriminate bombing, the exploitation of internal conflicts — all the familiar tactics of a colonial war are being employed to break the resistance.

Growing Soviet control over the Afghan bureaucracy suggests an intent to administer Afghan affairs perhaps until the "rebellious Afghans" can be pacified and packaged into a Soviet republic. Travelers returning from Moscow confirm that the notion of a "civilizing Soviet mission' finds a racist echo among Moscow's political elite, who have accepted the dispatch of Soviet troops with socialistic chauvinism.

What are the prospects for the "second year?" The answer depends not only on Afghans and Soviets but also on the rest of the international community. The German and French contention that "detente cannot survive another Afghanistan" implies writing off this one. But without support, the Afghans are not likely to he able to continue resisting. Western "neutrality" will seal their fate. Afghanistan is not the only victim of foreign aggression to require aid. Without such help, there would probably be no France, no Belgium - perhaps no United States.

From a Western perspective, it should also be clear that Moscow's contioned and unhindered occupation of Afghanistan, and a possible Soviet move in the direction of the Gulf, constitute a threat to American and Western credibility and, more immediately, to vital economic and security inter-ests in the Gulf. The Afghan invasion came in the wake of an enormous growth in Soviet power and especially in the wake of an enormous growth in Soviet power and especially in the ability to project power into the Gulf - a vital region and one where Western ability to influence events has declined.

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The argument that the Soviets came into Afghanistan because they could not tolerate instability on their border, or because they felt threatened by Muslim fundamentalists, is intended to calm fears.

Whether the Soviets attempt other Afghan-style operations in the region will depend on many factors, but a major one is likely to be the Western ability to contain Soviet power. Without such a Western capability, the Soviets may well be tempted to become more adventurous, and few states in the region will have the suicidal courage to be overtly anti-Soviet.

Soviet policy in the larger region may well depend on its experience in Afghanistan. Afghan partisans contioue to be poorly armed and face serious economic and organizational problems. By supporting the Afghan opposition, however, the United States and its allies could increase partisan effectiveness and perhaps induce the Soviets to accept a political compromise. So far, Moscow has been unwilling to do this.

At the same time, the United States should maintain a continuous dialogue with the Soviets for possible regulation of superpower competition around the Gulf. Such an understanding must be based on maintaining a military balance in the region to meet a potential threat on its own terms — and to achieve a Soviet withdrawal from Afghanistan. — (WP)

In a lead story, Al Bilad highlighted Monday's prayer for rain performed by King Khaled and Mus-lims in the Kingdom, following the tradition begun hy the Prophet Muhammad 1400 years ago. The anniversary of the Palestinian revolution to be beld in Riyadh under the aegis of Riyadh Governor Prince Salman formed the lead story in Al Riyadh, while Okaz gave lead coverage to a statement by Deputy Interior Minister Prince Ahmed, in which be said the visit of the Moroccan Interior Minister would hloster security cooperation between the two countries. In a headline story, Al Jazirah enumerated the Iranian losses in men and material during the four-month battle with Iraq. Al Medina said in its lead that the Soviet Union is paying a heavy price, militarily and economically, in Afghanistan.

Newspapers frontpaged the royal audience given to the visiting Moroccan Interior Minister, Idris Al-Basri, and former British Prime Minister Edward Heath. In a front-page story, Al Jazirah quoted the Jordanian ambassador to the Kingdom as saving his country would submit a working paper on Jersualem to the upcoming Islamic Summit Conference in Mecca, Newspapers also gave page one prominence to a resolution adopted by the ministerial council of the Arab Organization for Mineral Resources to draft a geological map of the Arab world. Foreign Minister Prince Saud Al-Faisal's meeting with Habih Chatti, secretary general of the Organization of Islamic Conference (OIC), in connection with preparations for the Islamic summit,

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received front-page coverage in the newspapers. Okaz highlighted the Greek ambassador's reaffirmanon of his country's support for the Palestine Liberation Organization (PLO) and the existence of strong links between Greece and Saudi Arabia. Newspaper editorials discussed a variety of topics Monday. While some dealt with the Islamie summit

and its great significance at the present juncture, others bighlighted Zionist intransigence and their terrorist activities against the Arab inhabitants of occupied territory. The meeting of the ministerial council of the Arab Organization for Mineral Resources was also discussed in some editorials.

Okaz drew attention to the events of international aignificance, mainly those connected with the Arab and Islamic world, and urged the need for taking effective steps to ensure a balanced link with the international issues which concern the Arab and Islamic nation. The paper further stressed the need for fortifying the internal front that would enable the nation to safeguard its entity. It added that, despite international support for the Palestinian rights, the trend takes a different turn as a result of the stubborn attitude of the Zionist forces. The paper alerted that evil forces had evil designs on the Islamic world, and quoted an example from the Soviet occupation of Afghanistan. It reiterated the need for the restoration of Islamic unity and solidarthe challenges now being faced by the Islamic world.

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Writing on the Islamic Summit Conference, Al Yom noted that Saudi Arabia would continue to exert sincere efforts to clear the pobtical atmosphere in the Islamic world, in order that the Mustims are able to meet in a completely congenial atmosphere and prepare a comprehensive Islamic strategy to confront the grave threats before the nation. In view of a number of serious topics to be discussed by the Islamic summit, the paper urged the Muslim leaders to work with full dedication for the realization of the cherished objectives. The Muslims must inevitably be united to give a confrontation to the Zionist forces occupying the Arab lands, said the paper, adding that a united Islamic force would be able to crush any plot prepared by the enemies in secrecy.

Arabian

In a strong condemnation of the barbaric methods being employed by the Zionist forces against the Palestinians, Al Riyadh expressed confi-dence that the regime of terrorist Begin is living its last days and could collapse any time now. The paper said it has been Begin's habit to escalate the political situation whenever he feels that it would involve his political position. By crushing the bodies of Palestinian martyrs, it said, terrorist Begin would only add a new and ugly page to his notorious career. The Israeli government has itself begun to prepare new plans with the advant of the new year. in order to challenge any possible development taking place at the international level to help solve the Palestine problem, the paper added.

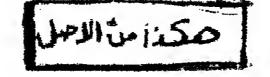
On the other hand, Al Medina focused on the meeting of the ministerial council of he Arab Organization for Mineral Resources held in Jeddah Sunday, to discuss the promotion of geological research in the Arab world. The paper urged Arabs

Review

to fortify themselves with faith and knowledge, to be able to carry the giant responsibilities before them. It stressed the need for conrdination in all matters, so that the interests of the nation could be well safeguarded.







anabneus Features

The Organization of the Islamic Conference (Part 3)

matters.

links, account for the small percentage of

inter-Islamic trade and the present reliance

on others as the major trading partners of

OIC countries. In the past year, several

specialized studies on trade promotion were

carried out and considered by a group of

experts set up for the purpose. These recom-

mendations will now be discussed by the

Islamic Summit including the proposal to set

up a permanent standing committee on trade

Related to trade cooperation is the prop-

osal for the establishment of an Islamic center

for development of trade which will also be

submitted to the Third Summit for approval.

This idea was mooted at the tenth foreign

ministers conference and recommended for

adoption by the Summit at the eleventh

ministerial conference. Its details and organ-

izational setup were finalized by the expen

group meeting which recently completed its

work in Rabat. The government of Morocco.

which moved the proposal initially, has

offered to house the headquarters of the

proposed Islamie trade center to be located in

Tangiers and has also shown interest in help-

ing in the administrative and technical

disseminate informatioo of commercial nature with a view to harmonising trade policies of Islamie countries, undertake market oriented studies and impart training in the

Like trade, the field of investment has so far remained untapped hy OIC countries. The situation, however, might change soon if the third Islamie Summit decides to approve the draft agreement on promotion, protection and guarantee of investments in member states. This draft text has received scrutiny by experts in the field following a recommendation made at the tenth Islamic Conference.

The Kingdom, in particular, showed keen

interest in the proposal and drew up a

detailed draft text of the agreement which is

the hasis of the final draft drawn up by

investment experts for presentation to the

forthcoming Islamic Summit. The draft

agreement has been carefully framed and

includes detailed provisions including legal,

economic and judicial guarantees for

encouraging investment across the Islamic

world. It aims to provide and develop the best

favorable climate for flow of economic

resources among Islamic states for the

optimum utilization of these resources for the

development and progress of these countries.

occur as a result of the third Islamie Summit

in the economic field will be the beginning of

establishment of direct and efficient com-

municadon links among OIC member states,

as a result of the creation of the proposed

Islamic shipowners association. The draft sta-

tute of this proposed new agency was pre-

Yet another hreakthrough which may

field of trade production.

The principal objectives and functions of the center will be to encourage trade contacts among OIC member states, to collect and

arrangements for setting up the center.

Looking ahead to close economic cooperation

By a Special Correspondent

JEDDAH-Jan. 5 - The third Islamic Summit is taking place at a time when the global economic situation is far from rosy and the developing countries are, above all, facing the brunt of the current economic recession. All attempts by the developing countries to reach a mutually satisfactory agreement with the developed world for transfer of technology, procurement of loans and settlement of outstanding debts have so far not succeeded and the North-South dialogue has reached a stalemate. In such a simulation, economic matters will naturally receive top priority in the list of subjects before the Islamic leaders.

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The eleventh Islamic conference of foreign ministers held in Islamabad last May had recommended some important economie issues for submission to the Third Summit. The first of these was the economic strategy to be adopted by the Islamic countries within the framework of the third development decade of the United Nations. A high-level meeting was subsequently held in Ankara, Turkey, in November to review the world economic situation and evolve a strategy of development for the members of the Organ-

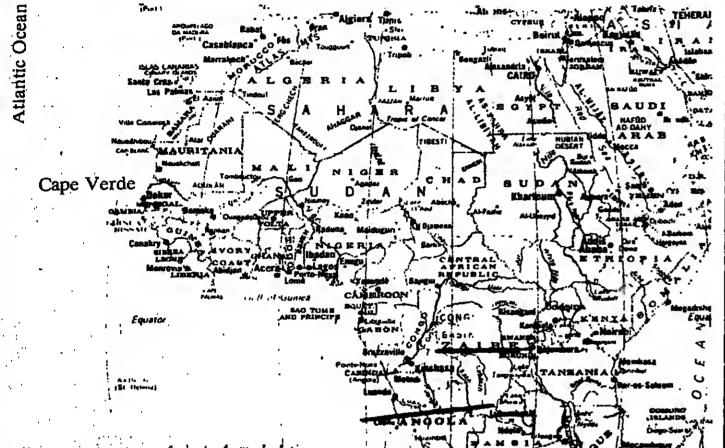


ization of the Islamie Conference. This conference highlighted that as the North-South dialogue, despite concerted efforts, had not made much headway, developing countries should continue their determined attempt through collective self-reliance to establish a new internadonal economic order.

The Ankara meeting also drew up a detailed plan of action which contains specific proposals for promoting economic cooperation among Islamic countries in areas such as food and agriculture, trade, industry, transport and communications, fmancial and monetary questions, coergy, science and technology, manpower and social affairs, population and health and finally lechnical cooperation.

The Ankara plan of action is comprehensive and proposes concerted cooperation not only among Islamic countries but with developing countries in general. Its adoption at the Summit will be ao important step for harmonising future economic cooperation among member states.

Another subject the Summit is expected to consider is a trade cooperation program among OIC members. It is generally admitled that while great potential for close trade and commercial ties exists, OIC states have thus far not fully realized its attainment. Several impediments, including lack of trade information and statistics, inadequacy of trade facilities, insufficient stress on export promotion and undeveloped transportation



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PRINCE WELCOMED: Habib Chatti, secretary general of the Organization of the Islamic Conference, welcomes Prince Saud Al-Faisal at the foreign ministers conference in Islamahad.

to be realized

pared by the Kingdom of Saudi Arabia following a decision of the Islamic foreign ministers to work for strengthening the present unsatisfactory transport and communication network among their countries. Subsequently experts in the fields of shipping, civil aviation and air transport carried out detailed studies to accomplish this task. The feasibility studies on shipping having reached an advanced stage, the eleventh Islamic Conference felt that the project to establish an Islamic shipowners association was sufficiently mature for submission to the Islamic heads of State for their approval at the Third Summit. The Union after its creation will have its headquarters in Jeddah.

to make a major advance in the future economic cooperation among OIC countries. It is evident that these countries have expressed the desire to forge these links and are showing a firm resolve and determination to attain complementarity of their economic activities. Looking ahead, there is already talk of an Islamic common market which should be the already aim of the economic and commercial cooperation between OIC members. The attainment of this goal may not be possible easily or quickly but given the resolve, common interests and fraternal feelings, it could eventually be reached. After all, even the European Common Market had humble beginnings and took several decades

PAGE 7

With decolonization Life begins again in Cape Verde

By Basil Davidson

PRAIA, CAPE VERDE, (LAT) - The islands of Cape Verde are unforgettable once per nute you have seen them, hreathtaking in their volcanie landscapes, splendidly handsome in their people. But who has ever seen or even heard of them? Empty questions until yesterday, addressed to somewhere in the south Atlantic. But now, quite suddenly, the Cape Verdes have got themselves into world history, and by a route both surprising and origi-118

The sea wanderers of old Portugal had in: \$3 found them first, long ago in 1460, and setshout 8 tled there and were forgotten. Then the capլ ի ։ tains of slave ships found the islands again, 100.52 101.00 putting in for food and water for crews and tortured human cargoes. Time passed, and even slavery had its term. To the islands, after that, came other scamen, whaling captains from the ports of New England, looking for .12A ¥ island crews and provisions and whales. But the whales withdrew far southward or were exterminated, and more time passed. The 4N (⁷²⁷ next visitors were British captains of steamships. Now one of the islands became a coaling station - until oil supplanted coal. And then more silence.

A long silence : but in 1975 it ended. Removing an effete and baleful Portugese dictatorship, the islanders proclaimed their independence as the Republic of Cape Verde. And here, in 1975, they began an experiment in self-development whose successes won unstinted praise among the experts.

The successes are impressive. There is oo overstatement in saying that much more has been done, in the last five years, to improve the ecology of Cape Verde, to raise the level of social and economic life, to bring help to the sick and needy, and to turn despair into hope, than in all the centuries since the Porignese first landed here.

To get the story, though, you need a little patience. Cape Verdians are eager to tell and show what they are doing and how and why, Furst you have to find them. Journeys are required. For visitors from America they

Dakar in Senegal, then an hour's flight puts you at Praia, the capital, on Sao Tiago island. This is the largest of the nine habitable islands, and has about 90,000 people out of the country's total of 320,000. Here is the government, presided over by the veteran liberation fighter. Pedro Pires, with a team whose average age is less than 40. And here, too, is the seat of the president, Aristides Pereira, an outstanding leader who was Amilcar Cahral's right-hand man in the long struggle against the Portuguese dictatorship.

Other journeys take you to other islands hy ship or plane: to the port of Mindelo on Sao Vincente, to the terraced canyons of Sao Antao, to the still-active crater of Fogo, "The Fire," to the tropical beaches of Sao Vista and of Maio, or to the rocks of Brava, which is far to the leeward and the homeland of many Americans who live in Cape Verde.

The human facts are contradictory. These people are poor, and their poverty today is deepened by a 10-year drought. When independence came, five years ago, 70 per ceot of Cape Verdians were illiterate, had oo chance of medical treatment, were unemployed for most or all the year, and could see survival only in following many ancestors, and leaving home for America, Holland or eslewhere. Their farming produced only 15 per cent of their food needs. Their industries did not exist. Snrrounded hy fish, they barely had the means of catching any. Only years of hard work can end this pov-

erty. Yet the good sense and honesty of their new regime and government, run hy the party that Cabral and Pereira founded to fight the Portuguese, are real virtues. That is why the story is so far a happy one. Much help has come from many sides, with the United States high on the list, and this aid is being well used. No donated dollars are being sidetracked into private pockets here.

In the last five years the Republic of Cape Verde has invested about \$110 million, comparatively an enormous sum, in social and economie infrastructure. Ahout 95 per cent of all children between 7 and 13 are now in school. A national health service was set up.

ing, fish refrigeration, ship repair, a modest cargo fleet, along with artisan co-operatives

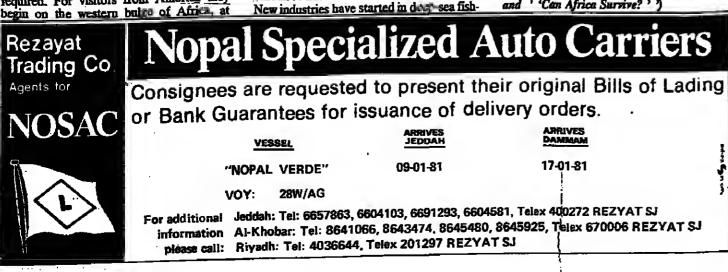
and small factories making shirts and shoes. Using relief aid, this government has paid wages to some 30,000 otherwise jobless workers, a substantial part of the available work force. Following detailed plans, these new wage earners have built, so far, no fewer than 7,200 stone dams in canyons and valleys, nearly 200 miles of stone retaining-walls and more than 2,000 miles of earth retaining-walls. Rains falling since 1978 have ceased to surge and bounce off into the sea. Increasingly, they are held by the dams and retaining walls, sink into the soil, feed springs, enlarge areas of culdvatioo, form reservoirs.

A different future is presenting itself. "What we are doing here," said President Pereira," is more than physcial construction. We are building a new society, one in which our people really rules itself and can respect itself." Such claims today call for skeptisim, hut here the skepticism gives way to belief.

The system here is called participacao popular, ("people's participation."). In one sense, the ruling party has the power, exercised through its 3,000 or so active members, most of them men and women from fields and workshops. Bnt in another sense, a growing one as the system evolves, power is in the hands of local executives elected by local assemblies. Two principles govern this system. One is that decision-making is increasingly devolved to local communities, usually of several hundred people each. The other is that the ruling party, voted overwhelmingly into power five years ago and now going into new elections, is there to lead and steer the building of this island democracy.

Emerging from the sea after centuries of silence, the Republic of Cape Verde is one fragment of the Third World where life begins again. If decolonization is said to be a good thing, here is one people that is determined to prove it to one and all.

(Basil Davidson is author of numerous books on Africa, including ' 'The African Genius, ' ' ' The Lost Cities of Africa ' and ' 'Can Africa Survive? '





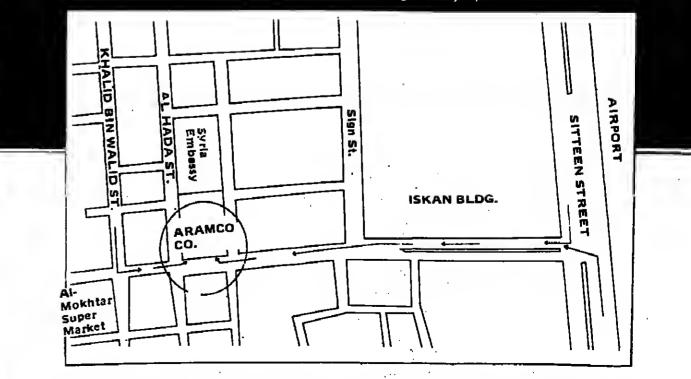
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Thorn becomes EEC president

BRUSSELS, Jan. 5 (R) — The European Common Market's executive commission passes into oew hands this week for a fouryear term which is likely to see the community enlarged to 12 with a oew Mediterranean emphasis. Outgoing commission President Roy Jenkins of Britain was due to end his own term this week with a final press conference and theo hand over to Luxembourg's Gaston Thorn. Thorn, 52, will preside over the commission, whose functions are to propose and implement the EEC policy.

implement the EEC policy. Greece hecame the 10th member last Thursday and is expected to give the other nine a taste of the problems faced by societies which all overthrew right-wing dictatorships in the 1970s as well as of the influx of southern farm produce into the EEC.

When Thorn takes office Tuesday, his first task will be to distribute portfolios among the 13 other commissioners. His commission will have one more member than Jenkins' with the arrival of George Kontogeorigis to represent Greece.

When Jenkins took office the distribution

India,SriLanka plantoimprove economic ties

COLOMBO. Jan. 5 (AFP) — Visiting Indian Finance Minister R. Venkataraman has met for more than an hour here with his Sri Lankan counterpart Ronnie De Mel for talks oo economic cooperatioo. The two ministers are to meet again Tuesday, when they will sign an agreement providing for credit of 100-millioo rupees (\$12 million) from India to Sri Lanka.

Venkataraman, who arrived here Sunday on a two-day official visit, brought a message from Indian Prime Minister Indira Gandhi which he will hand to Sri Lankan President J.R. Jayewardene Tuesday.

The first Minister of the present government of Mrs. Gandhi to visit Sri Lanka, Venkataraman will also meet Prime Minister Ranasinghe Premadasa before leaving for home, of portfolios went oo through the night. The new commission retains eight members of Jenkins' executive who are largely expected to keep current posts.

The commission is expected to take three EEC countries to the European court of justice for refusing to pay their part of a supplementary budget for 1980.

The extra \$512 millioo budget was discussed two weeks ago, but oot voted on by finance ministers. European parliament President Simone Veil a formight ago prompted a constitutional row by ruling it passed on a technicality.

France, West Germany and Belgium have all said they will not pay because they disapprove of Mrs. Veil's reasoning that the funding could he passed as the ministers had oot specifically voted against it.

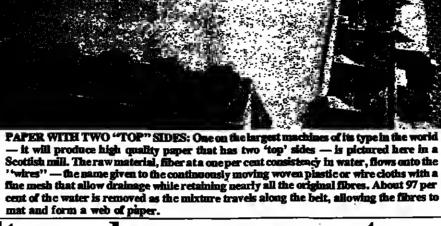
specifically voted against it. If the commission, which does oot appear to have any choice, takes the three governments to court, it will be the first time the European court has been used to settle a dispute between member governments and the parliament.

Once the row is settled, however, Thorn's problems will be far from over. The commission has to find ways of reforming the community's entire financial structure to avoid a repetition of the damaging argument, settled last May, over Britain's demand for its EEC budget contribution to be slashed.

Reform of the budget can only be achieved by radical remodelling of the Commoo Agricultural Policy (CAP), a costly cornerstone of the EEC which cootrols farm prices under a complicated system of subsidies and levies.

France is a particular supporter of the CAP since its powerful farm lobhy is one of the main beneficiaries. Fierce opponents are the community's other two giants, Britain and West Germany. Discussion of reform can, therefore, be expected to produce hard and bitter oegotiation, if the community's quarrelsome past is any guide. Apart from dealing with the potential entry of Spain and Portugal, currently scheduled to be complete by 1984, Thorn may also have worries with Greece.

The Greek oppositioo is firmly against membership and has promised a renegotiatioo of eotry terms and referendom if it wins a general election.



Storm decreases exports of oil, gas in Algeria

ARZEW, Algeria, Jan. 5 (R) — A storm which closed the Algeria oil port of Zrzew has stopped about half of the country's oil and gas exports reaching the world market and it may take at least 10 days to restore output, according to oil industry sources. The storm Sunday drove the 69,000-ton Urugnayan tanker Juan A. Lavalleja aground. Some of its cargo of gas spilled out and for 48 hours a cloud of highly-explosive gas hung over the area of the port, port industrial Zooe Director Moustafa Mekideche said,

Oil and gas installations had to be shot down and, although the risk of an explosioo had oow receded, they could not resume operatioos until pollutants were removed from the seawater used in the plants, he said. Algerian officials said all the important oil and gas installation in Arzew had been closed, including three gas liquefaction plants, a refinery and an ammonia factory. Industry source estimate the damage at 10 million a day. They said about half its total of hydrocarbon export capacity was oot of commission.

The storm also ruptured oil pipelines at Arzew's offshore terminal, causing an oil slick. Industry sources estimated that a little over half of Algeria's gas exports and slightly under half its oil exports were being kept from the market.

Mekideche estimated it would take a week to 10 days to restore productioo after the grounded tanker had been refloated and emptied of the gas condensate still in its tanks. Gas condensate is similar to petrol but more volatile.

Slump in commodity markets likely to continue this year

LONDON, Jan. 5 (R) — A slump in world commodity markets at the end of last year is likely to continue in 1981, holding most prices down and squeezing the finances of third world prodocer countries, analysts believe. Political tensions, recession and uncertainty about crops will again cause the, wide price fluctuations which characterized world community markets in 1980, but the overall trend will be downward, the analysts said.

The main reason for their gloom is the prospect of worsening recession in the industrialized world which will continue to restrict availability of all types of goods and the raw materials from which they are made.

They also expect interest rates to remain

Gandhi attacks World Bank for revoking loan

NEW DELHI, Jan. 5 (AFP) — Prime Minister Indira Gandhi has described the reported revocation by the World Bank of its decision to grant a \$250 million loan to India to set up a fertilizer complex as "interference" in this country's internal affairs.

She was referring to reports from Washington that the World Bank had revoked the loan after India changed its decision to grant the consultancy contract for the giant Thal fertilizer complex to the U.S. firm C.F. Braun in favor of the Danish Haldor Tpsoe Comnear

The Indian news agency PTI Sunday quoted Mrs. Gandhi as saying that India's decisioo to change consultants did oot justify the World Bank in oot aiding the Thal complex in Maharashtra state, western India.

Speaking to the press at Calcutta airport, Gandhi said there was nothing unusual in the Indian move. "The World Bank had no right to interfere in our internal affairs. We will do whatever we think is best in the interest of our country," she said.

Meanwhile, an official spokesman said that India was firm in its decision to continue with the project after the World Bank's decision to reject the loan plea. The project would be put through according to the time schedule already drawn up, with no delays, he added. high which will discourage manufacturers, from building up stocks and to deter speculators who have found the rates too high to finance their operations.

TUESDAY, JANUARY 6, 1981

Early last year, a buying boom, spurred by tension over Iran and Afghanistan, kept commodity prices at record levels, but they collapsed in November as speculators deserted the market.

They are thought unlikely to return in any number to commodity market until interest rates, oow at more than 20 per cent io the United States, fall significantly.

The poorest countries will bear the brunt of the slump in commodities — foodstuffs, met; als, fibres and raw materials — account for more than 60 per cent of their non-oil exports.

Exceptions to the general trend are grains where prices are expected to rise because of tight world supplies, the analysts said.

Foreign Exchange Rates						
Quoted at 5:00 P.M. Monday						
	SAMA	Cash	Transfer			
Bahraini Dinar	_	8.55	8.86			
Belgian Franc (1,000)	105.00	_	~			
Canadian Dollar	2.80	-	_			
Deutche Mark (100)	170.00	170.75	170.90			
Dutch Guilder (100)	156.00	-	155.35			
Egyptian Pound		4.40	4.45			
Emirates Dirham (100)		91.00	90.90			
French France (100)	73.00	74.00	73,90			
Greek Drachma (1,000)	_	72.25	73.90			
Indian Rupee (100)	_	_	42.30			
Iranian Riyal (100)			-			
Iraqi Dinar		8.25	_			
Italian Lira (10,000)	36.00	36.30	36.00			
Japanese Yen (1,000)	16.10		16.90			
Jordanian Dinar	-	10.88	10.83			
Kawaiti Dinar	-	12.32	12.32			
Lebanese Lira (100)	_	90.70	90.55			
Moroccan Dirham (100)		\$2.00	79.15			
Pakistani Rapes (100)	-	_	33.70			
Philippines Peso (100)	-	-	44.50			
Pound Sterling	7.88	8.03	8.03			
Qatari Riyal (100)	_	91.80	91 70			
Singapore Dollar	_	_	1.56			
Spanish Peso (1,000)		42.20	42.20			
Swiss Franc (100)	188.00	189.00	188,90			
Syrian Lira (100)		77.00	85.50			
Turkish Lina (1,000)	_	36.00	~			
U.S. Dollar	3.33	3.335	3.34			
Yemeni Riyal (100)	_	73.25	73.05			
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Saudi Arabian Government Tenders

Authority	Description	No. of Tender	Price SR	Closing Date
Air Force Command, Riyadh	Feacing of Villas at Prince Fahd Air Base in Taif	-	1000	Jan. 12
ñ , ,	Fencing of villas at King Abdul Aziz Air Base in Dhahran	-	1000	Jan. 10
4v vy vv	Fencing of villas at King Khaled Air Base in Khamis Meshcit	-	100	Jan. 11
Municipality of Qatif	Maintenance of municipal buildings		500	Jan. 18
Ministry of P.T.T. (Sauditel)	Supply of equipment for the inspection and location of defects in telephone cables	310030	500	Jan. 19
79 99	Supply of belts to scale telephone poles	330040	200	Jan. 19
** ** **	Supply of insulated rubber bands and covers to protect cable connections	350050	100	Jan. 19

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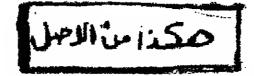
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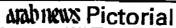
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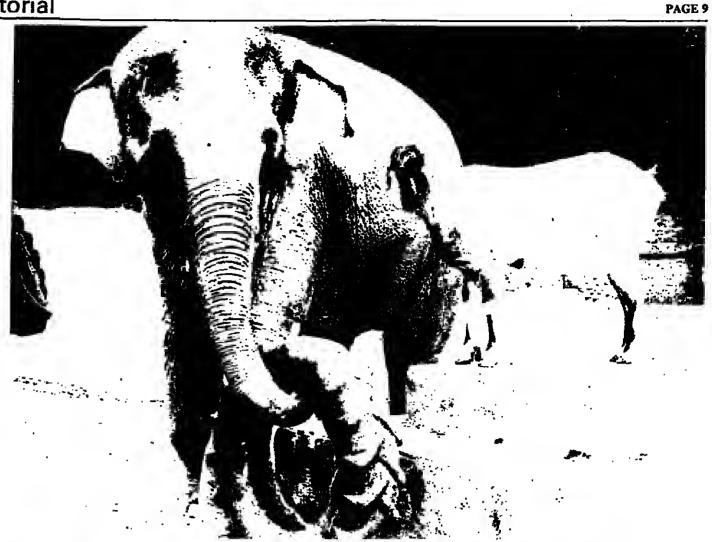
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UNWANTED: This young Okapi, the first ever born at the San Diego wild animal park, is being raised by keepers after his mother rejected him. Okapis are the only living rela-tives of giraffes, but resemble their longnecked cousins only in their facial structure.



ANIMAL WORLD: A docile goat provides company for a lonely elephant, Chiki, at the Cricket St. Thomas wildlife park in Britain. The three-ton jumbo is a TV star.





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WITH TENOR: If this horse had any sense at all he would have asked for the famou Italian tenor Luciano Pavarotti's antograph instead of snuggling up face to face with him in the South Dade fields in Miami.



FLEEING THE COLD: A shepherd leads his flock of sheep as they move forward on a white blanket of snow covering the ground at Glinching near Munich from their pastures to the stables to escape from the heavy snowfalls in the Bavarian resort.



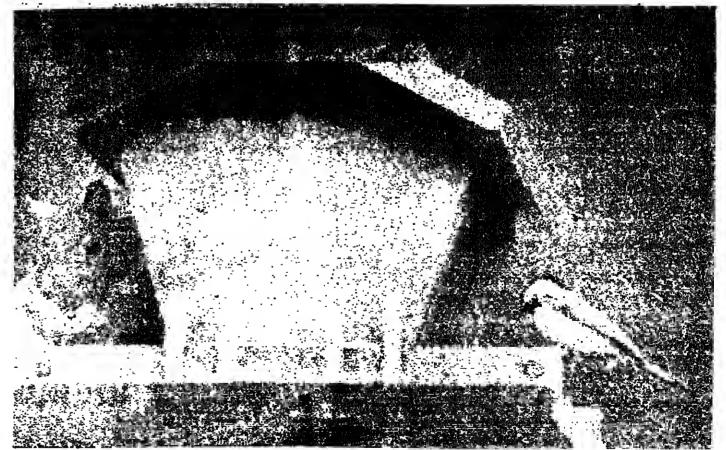
PIGMY CHIMP: One-year- and pygmy chimpanzee, Lesley, with her new little sister Dana at e debut photo session at the San Diego zoo in California.



BAMBOO LUNCH: Tian's first meal in public consisted of fresh hamboo. The Panda bear took no notice of the crowd outside his home in Berlin.

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INTRUDER: A squirrel enjoys a snack atop a bird feeder in the yard of a home at Worcester, Massachusetts, while a small bird feeding on the opposite side of the structure appears unaware of the presence of the thief.



IN OPEN AIR: The great cattle and the "racks" sheep, a Hungarian species, pass the winter in the open air in spite of the cold weather and the big snow.



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Hostage issue Iran's reply to U.S. proposals imminent

BEIRUT, Jan. 5 (AP) — Algerian mediators are meeting daily with Iranian nfficials in Tehran to discuss the latest U.S. proposals for resulving the hustage crisis, Algerian Amhassador Ahdul Karim Ghoraych said Mouday.

"The Iranian response will be given in the coming days — in couple of days," he told the Associated Press in Beirut.

In a separate telephone interview, the Swiss ambassador in Tehran said he had been told, but had oo proof, that the three American hostages recently moved from the foreign ministry offices had been placed with other hostages.

The government of Prime Minister Muhammad Ali Rajai said Sunday that the three hostages had been transferred from the foreign ministry to an undisclosed location.

Swiss Ambassador Erik Langen, whose country represents U.S. interests in Iran, said be has been refused permission to see any of the 52 hostages since the Christmas hulidays when he visited the three men whn were at that time still heing held at the foreign minis-

He said that he saw the trin - Charge d'Affaires Bruce Langen, political officer Victor Tomseth and security officer Michael Hnwland - their physical condition was 'fme."

But he added that it woud be expected, "when you are in custody for months, you have some reactions which you could not describe as oormal,"

Langen said the three men, whn were at the

foreign ministry on Nov. 4, 1979, when the U.S. embassy was overrun by militant Iramans, had 'hig hopes of being released soon' when he saw them just before and shortly after Christmas. "But you cannot say that when you are 14 months eway from your family that you are 100 per cent fine in spirit," He added.

He said he had told the trio about efforts to arrange the hostages' released and added that the Algerian ambassador had briefed them in more detail oo the mediatioo efforts.

Algerian diplomats carried the latest U.S. proposals to Tehran last Friday, but the Iranian government did nut take receipt of them until Sunday, according th Rajar's spnkesman. Ahmad Azizi, The Carter administration reportedly has set a deadline of Jan. 1 for the Iranians to respond.

Both the Algerian ambassador, whn is participating in the mediatino efforts, and the Swiss amhassador, whn is not, declined to predict the outcome.

Lanchen said that although he has been told all 52 hostages are under the control of the Rajai government, rather than the militants who overran the U.S. embassy grounds, he has not been permitted to see any of the hostages since his Christmas meeting at the, foreign ministry.

Meanwhile, in Washington, Presidential Press Secretary Jody powell reiterated Sun-day that the administration of President Jimmy Carter would not "sit idly by" if Iran carries out a threat to put the American hostages on trial.

Rajai denies controversial interview with Bonn paper

TEHRAN, Jan. 5 (Agencies) - Tehran Radio Mnnday broadcast a denial that Iranian Prime Minister Muhammad Ali Rajai had given an interview to the West German newspaper Die Welt.

It quoted the public relations office of the prime minister as saying "we inform the watches only over the large contours and sets the pattern in accordance with Islam," the prime minister said of Iran's revolutionary leader. Rajal said his own quarrel with Presideat Bani-Sadr on filling vacant ministry posts was an example of this. Ayatollah' Khomeini had often been asked to mediate



WARNING: White House Press Secretary Jody Powell said Sunday the reported movement of three American hostages in Iran is a cause for concern and warned again that spy trials of the captives would lead to "very seri-

Nkomo flays takeover

SALISBURY, Jan. 5 (R) - Joshua Nkomo, Home Affairs Minister and leader of the minooity Patrionic Front, complained Monday about the government's takeover of Zimbabwe's main newspapers, charging that. the press was being muzzled.

"This is probably my last free statement through our news media here where the radio and television are already under the heel of ZANU-PF. One would have thought radio, and televisioo were enough as propaganda tools," he told the Hended newspaper. Information Minister Nathan Shamuvarira announced Saturday that the government, dominated by Prime Minister Robert Mugabe's ZANU-PF party, had bought the controlling interest in the company that operates the main, white-edited newspapers. These are the Herald, the Bulawayo Chroni cle, the Sunday Mail, the Sunday News and the week'v Umtali Post.

"This step is worse than what the Rhodesian regime of Ian Smith did during its abominable time in office," Nkomo said. It is

Clash on border **Hanoi** accuses Bangkok of armed 'provocation'

BANGKOK, Jan. 5 (AFP) - Vietnam Monday accused Thailand of having staged an armed "provocation" at the Thai-Kampuchea border Saturday in a bid to blacken the image of Hanoi and Phnom Penh.

A foreign ministry statement dated Hanoi but distributed here, alleged that Thailand had concocted the incident" to drive a wedge between the ASEAN countries (the Association of Southeast Asian Nations) and Vietnam.

Vietnam, it said, flatly rejected as a "fabrication" Thailand's account of the incident, m which two Thai soldiers were killed and one wounded, according to the Thais, hy Hanoiled incursion forces early Saturday morning. The Thai foreign ministry Monday sum-

moned - Vietnamese Charge d'Affaris Do

of Zimbabwe's papers

independent opinioo from somewhere." Previously the South African Argus group held a 42 per cent stake in the newspapers, which has oow been acqoired by a government-established mass media trust set up with Nigerian funds. "I am surprised that Nigeria, a country with probably the most free press in Africa, could lead money to

ZANU-PF to muzzle the press in Zimbabwe," Nkomo said. Shamuyarira said hlack editors would replace whites when the trust began running the newspapers later this month. He pledged that the government would not interfere with the running of the newspapers and that press freedom would be maintained. The takeover had been prompted because Zimbabwe did oot wish to be an appendage of South Africa, he said. The move seems certain to re-open the

long-standing rift between ZANU-PF (Zimbabwe African National Union - Patriotic Front) and Nkomo. ZANU-PF effectively controls radio and

Ngoc Duong to deliver a protest note over the clash, the most serious reported inside Thai territory since a brief Hanoi-led in cursion last June.

The contents of the Thai note were not immediately made public. But a Thai spokesman said a protest note had also been sent to U.N. Secretary-General Kurt Waldheim, asking him to circulate details of the alleged incursion among members of the world body.

The Vietnamese statement, handed to the foreign ministry here, said the incident was part of what it called a long-standing Thai policy of "colluding with Peking expansion-ists against the Kampuchean people."

"Over the past two years, Thai authorities have been 'neutral' on the Kampuchean issue but, in fact, they have been continuously colloding," the statement said. Thailand it said had been helping anti-Vietnamese guerrillas loyal to former Premier Pol Pot and others "on Thai soil to cross the border and carry out military activities against the Kampuchean people." But it did not give a Vietnamese version of the "provocation," saying only that Hanoi "categorically rejects the above-mentioned fabrication."

Meanwhile, the Kampuchean rebel sources confirmed Mooday that anti-Communist leader Son Sann has returned to his jungle headquarters after months of travel abroad.

The sources, who have proven reliable in the past, said Son Sann had slipped back into his "zone" Saturday after visitng China.

The guerrilla leader, a 70-year-old despectacled former premier, and exiled ex-head of state Prince Norodom Sihanouk, also visited Britain, France, Japan and several other countries during his drive to garner international support.

He heads the Khmer People's National Liberation Front (KPNLF), the so-called "third force" guerrilla factioo which opposes both the ousted pro-Peking Khmer Rouge and the Vietnamese Heng' Samon government. The sources, who asked not to be ideatified by name, told Agence-France Presse that Son Sann had met "senior officials" in Peking for an exchange of views. There had been oo change in the KPNLF policy, they stressed.

Obote holds talks with Moi in Kenya

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NAIROBI, Jan. 5 (Agencies) — Uganda President Milton Obote and Kenyan Presi-dent Daniel Arap Moi Monday held their first meeting since Obote took office last month, the official Kenya News Agency said, Radio Uganda, monitored here, said the meeting was held in the small Kenyan town of Webuye, 65 kilometers from the Ugandan border.

President Obote was accompanied by his vice-president and minister of defense, Mr.

Paulo Muwanga. Muwanga was chairman of the military commission which seized power in a coup in Uganda last May, unseating President Godfrey Binaisa. Relations between Kenya and Uganda were strained while the military commission was in power. Bot they have improved since last month's Ugandan elections and President Moi was nne of the first leaders to congratulate President Obote on his victory. Most of landlocked Uganda's export and import trade passes through Kenya and its Indian Ocean scaport Monbasa.

The meeting was here marking a resumption of relations between the two countries, fellowing Obote's return to power last month almost 10 years after he was ousted by IDI Amin.

Kenya recalled its high commissioner (ambassador) from Uganda following the break-up in 1977 of the east Africa community, which the two oeighbors formed with Tanzania. Relations remained strained despite the overthrow of Amin in 1979.

Thailand keeps door open for refugees

By Edward Thangarajah Arub News Correspondent

BANGKOK, Jan. 5 - In spite of problems caused by the energy crisis and the skyrocketing prices of goods, especially imported pro-ducts and foodstaffs, the supreme command of the Thai Armed Forces has decided to maintain its policy of accepting refugees from: neighboring countries, Kampuchea, Laos and Vietnam on humanitarian grounds.

ooble Iranian nation that Rajai has oever had an interview with Die Welt oewspaper so far." Apparently referring to a broadcast on the Persian-language service of the British Broadcasting Corporatioo (BBC) Sunday night, it added "we strongly deny the news of the BBC tonight about the interview of Muhammad Ali Rajai."

An advance copy of the supposed interview released Sunday night in Bonn quoted Rajai as saying that President Abolhassan Bani-Sadr headed a group nf "western-nriented intellectuals" opposed to the nation's spiritual leadership.

Tehran radio, m e broadcast after the midnight news, said "tnoight radio BBC, the omeo-owl of colonialism, in the continuation of the plots of the imperialist news agencies and the Zionist network of these mass media, has made a broadcast according to which the news would later be published in Die Welt

newspaper of West Germany." In Bonn, the editors of Die Welt insisted Sunday night on the anthenticity of the interviewDie Welt 's editors said its questions had been transmitted in writting to Rajai and that his replies were transmitted back Friday by an Iranian employee of the newspaper.

According to the broadcast, Rajai attacked the president and said: "Our people, however, have unequivocally chosen the clergy as leaders and will also see to it that the Islamic republic, created with their blood, is achieved completely."

Rajai said Iran's foreign policy was decided by parliament on the basis of Islamic ideology and that Ayatollah Ruhollah Khomeini did oot interfere in day-to-day politics. He

Lead affects children's IQ

TORONTO, Jan. 5 (AP) - Children exposed tn lead at doses not high enough to cause obvious medical problems have been shown to heve reduced intelligence scores and behavior problems, it was reported here Monday.

The study, which involved 2.146 children in the towns of Cheisea and Everett near Boston, Massachusetts, also showed changes in brain waves in children with high lead levels in their teeth. Disorderly classroom behavior was found tn be related to the levels of lead, as were reductions in IQ test scores, verbal skills and attention spans.

The children were rated according to the amount of lead found in baby teeth they lost. Dr. Herbert L. Needleman of the Children's hospital Medical Ceotet of Harvard Medical School said at the annual meeting of the American Association for the Advancement of science here that it appears there is oo safe exposure level for lead, which comes from such sources as gasoline additives and paint.

Ellen K. Silbergeld of the experimental therapeutics branch of the U.S. National Institutes of Health, also reporting on the biochemical effects of lead exposure, said the evidence is that the effects occur at very low concentrations,

but had declined by saying they should solve their on problems.

a complete tragedy that the government has taken such a step because it is vital to have

coverage to Nkomo and his party.

television and generally gives only scant



ine of Milan's in Scala opera fleater damaged by firetriggered by a short circuit last THEATRE FIRE: Firemen imper week. At right the royal box, also damaged and blackened by finnes which were quickly put out.

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Bani-Sadr imposed on its radio and television services whose only aim was to slander on the president of the republic.

Bani-Sadr declared that his suffering as a president was unparallelled, and he bore every hardship in order not to embarrass the spiritual leader. But he said, the situatioo was grave and it was time to decide upon the survival or destruction of the country. He admitted that the situation was such that his withdrawal might cause a heavy blow to the internal front. He therefore, prayed for his .

SABIC

into operation in 1985 and will involve a SR2 billion ethylene center capable of prouducing 450,000 tons a year. An agreement to this effect was signed in Tokyo last year by Zamil and the consortium of 54 firms.

During a press conference there Zamil said the consortion will receive a bonus of crude oil in return for their services and participation in the project.

Almonith signed last April a SR7 hillion

martyrdom so that he does not see the country's capitulation and humiliation.

He said the present government was disastrous for the country, as it was incapable, oon-neutral and incapable of mustering public support. He expressed his fears that the situation might still deteriorate if the present government persisted in power.

Bani-Sadr advised the armed forces to follow a unified command and take patient and deliberate steps in the war. He said it was oecessary to bear hardships and to develop an offensive spirit in the armed forces gradually.

agreement with Mobil Saudi Arabia, a wholly-owned subsidiary of Mobil Oil Corporation of America, for a petrochemical complex in Yanbn on the Red Sea coast of the Kingdom. When completed in 1984 the complex is expected to produce 450,000 tons of ethylene a year, the most important building block of the petrochemical industry, through the refinement of natural gas liquids pumped by pipeline 1,200 kilometers across the Kingdom

Iran like to ask quietly, and I hope the answer will come from our brothers who claim that Iraq's attention has been diverted from the battle with Israel: Are there on the horizon any indication that a war will break out of recover Jerussalem, the Golan (Heights) or the (West) Bank?"

He added: "above all, what could any state like Iraq do in dealing with the conspiricies and public expansionist aims of Khomeini?"

The Iraqis had proved their ability to carry on regular fighting for long months and had acquired in valuable experience, he said.

Khairallah said that continuous problems with Iran had preveoted Iraq from participating effectively in its national battles.

"We turned toward occupied Palestine while our backs were uncovered and threatened with possible attack," he said. "But Iraq had achieved almost all its aims in the war." He said the "legend of Iranian domination" was over and Tehran had lost the role of policeman of the Gulf.

ASEAN talks begin

MANILA, Jan. 5 (R) - Foreign policy chiefs of five southeast Asian nations conferred near here Monday on the Kampuchean issue and future relations with incoming U.S. President Ronald Reagan.

Other subjects on the agenda for the foreign ministry heads of Indonesia, Thailand, Malaysia, Singapore and the Philippines were. the continued Soviet presence in Afghanistan and the attitude of both Moscow and Peking to southeast Asia

The three-day meeting of the Association of Southeast Asian Nations (ASEAN) is being held at a beach resort about 70 km. southwest of Manila.

Dollar weakens, gold up

LONDON, Jan. 5 (AP) - The dollar was slightly weaker at the start of the first full week's trading of the new year Monday, while gold prices were marginally higher.

London's five bullion houses fixed a recommended morning gold price of \$592 a troy ounce, up from the year-ending \$589.50 last Wednesday. Major bullion markets in Europe were closed Friday. "We're trying to get back into the swing of things after the holiday period," said one London dealer.

In Zurich the metal traded at a median \$590.50 an oance, up from \$589.50 Wednes-day. Earlier in Hong Kong, gold closed et : \$594.66 up 8.71 from Saturday. Gold. finished at \$586 an ounce in New York late Friday.

Silver was quoted in London mid-morning at \$15.808 an ounce.

Earlier in Thkyo, the dollar closed at a 23-month low at 201.40 year, from 203.60 last Wednesday, continuing a downward trend that marked much of 1980 in which the dollar lost 15 per cent of its value.

In Tokyo, The Bank of Japan bought bet-ween \$400 million and \$500 million on the Tokyo foreign exchange market Monday to support the ailing U.S. currency after it slid towards the 200 yen level in heavy trading, dealers said.

Statistics compiled by the command at the end of 1980 revealed that there are 266,073 Indochinese refugees in Thailand.

Of them, 149.651 fled here after the Vietnamese invasion of Kampuchea and are now living in five camps away from the border. They are being looked after by the Thai military and interior ministry authorities.

Prior to their arrival, Thailand had been taking care of some 116,422 Indochinese refugees and illegal immigrants who escaped here since the Communist take-over of Laos, Kampuchea and Vietnam. Of them, 103,129 are from Laos, 5,115 from Kampuchea and 3,559 from Vietnam. Some 4,619 are waiting for resettlement in third countries.

A spokesman from the information office of the supreme command said Monday: "This is a humane problem. We have tried our best to discourage them from coming here but they keep coming, claiming it impossible to fit into a Communist form of

Lee keeps all but one

SINGAPORE, Jan. 5 (AFP) - Prime Minister Lee Kuan Yew Monday announced his new cabinet retaining most members of the outgoing team except Health Minister Toh Chin Chye who was dropped. The new cabinet, following last month's general election, will be sworn in tomorrow

by President Benjamin Sheares.

Toh Chin Chye's health portfolio was given to Goh Chok Tong, who will hold this in addition to trade and industry. However, Goh will relinquish his trade and industry portfolio in June to Tony Tan Keng Yam, the current minister of education, whn will be in charge of the budget from 1982-83.

12 die in train mishap

COLOMBO, Jan. 5 (AFP) - At least 12persons were killed and 96 injured when an express train rammed into another from behind at Kurunegala station, 55 miles north of here, early Monday.

The accident happened when the express train from Jafna to Colombo ploughed into the Batticaloa-Colombo train which was just leaving the Kurunegala station, railway authoritics said.

